The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1868. NO. 146.

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
Comptroller of Public Accounts
OF THE STATE OF
NORTH CAROLINA,
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPT. 30, 1867

PUBLIC FUND—DISBURSEMENTS.

Statement "D."—(Continued.)

1867.		
Mar.	Jno Black, com. stm.	$ 50
	M L Dixon, com. stm.	50
	Jesse Miller, com. stm.	50
	Jno F. Carter, com. stm.	50
	T M Earnhart, com stm.	50
	Joseph Beuber, com. stm.	50
	Mathew Jones, com. stm.	50
	Dempsey Corbett, com. leg.	70
	J D Bilnson, com. stm.	50
	J W Mitchell, com. stm.	50
	Wm. Barlow, com. stm.	50
	H E Sikes, com. stm.	50
	Jesse B Bullock, com. stm.	50
	D P Keely, com. stm.	50
	J W Jarrott, com. leg.	70
	J P Davis, com. stm.	50
	John Camp, com. leg.	70
	R C Eskridge, com. stm.	50
	Jas Moss, com. stm.	50
Paid	W B Gulick, for Richmond Memorial Association, under resolution of the General Assembly, ratified Feb. 2nd, 1867, for marking graves for North Carolina soldiers in Oakwood Cemetery, Va.,	1,000
	H M Waugh, for expenses to Washington, as Commissioner in obedience to appointment of the Governor,	110
	W H Bagley, Private Secretary for expenses of meeting of the Council of State, on the 26th and 27th inst.,	389 80
	Samuel T Carrow, for delivering laws of 1865 and '66, to sundry counties in the state,	90
	W E Mann, for delivering laws in 7 counties, 1865 and '66,	65
	Sundry members of the General Assembly, as follows:	
	Hon M E Manly, Senator,	440
	L. Brown, "	302
	John Berry, "	268 80
	L N B Battle, "	297
	James Barnes, "	321 60
	A C Avery, "	340
	Peter Adams, "	302
	J D Bullock, "	268
	J H Cardwell "	252 40
	Hon H T Clark, "	296
	D A Covington, "	332
	J H Coward, "	288
	A C Cowles, "	320 80
	J W Cunningham, "	286
	C C Edwards, "	302
	Jasper Etheridge, "	311 60
	W H Forshee, "	358 40
	L S Gash, "	372
	E D Hall, "	306
	W Harris, "	356 80
	C L Harris, "	358 80
	J H Hill, "	319 20
	W D Jones, "	292
	J B Kelly, "	288
	Calvin Koonce, "	288
	J M Leach, "	284
	Col J R Love, "	316
	Lloyd, "	315 60
	J Marshall, "	318
	J E Mathews, "	314
	W L McCorkle, "	320
	A McLean, "	276
	M McRae, "	342
	J E Moore, "	356
	Hon D Outlaw, "	357
	R D Paschall, "	288
	C Perkins, "	288 40
	J Respess, "	260
	W R Richardson, "	296
	J N Robbins, "	346 80
	T D Snead, "	368 80
	R K Speed, "	343 60
	M A Thompson, "	284 40
	F A Thornton, "	280
	M L Wiggins, "	296
	H Willey, "	328
	J C Williams, "	286
	Hon J H Wilson, "	332
	J A Englehard, Clerk,	694
	Q Brabbee, "	100
	Chas M Busbee, "	360
	James Page Door Keeper,	330
	C C Tally, "	320
	J A Englehard, Clerk, copying Journals 1st session General Assembly,	60
	House of Commons, as follows:	
	R Y McAden, Member,	444
	D C Allen, "	314 80
	Joel Ashworth, "	303 20
	G W Autrey, "	297 20
	J H Baker, "	298 40
	John Barden, "	292
	J W Beasley, "	350
	W M Black, "	296
	E T Blair, "	294 80
	Jas Blythe, "	368 80
	W H Boyd, "	276
	W B Bowe, "	312
	W A Bradsher, "	221 20
	R F Bright, "	288
	M L Brown, "	336
	T D Bryson, "	384
	J M Carson, "	332
	N W Chadwick, "	308
	D C Clark, "	296
	J W Clement, "	314
	B W Collins, "	277 60
	R H Cowan, "	256 80
	J G Crawford, "	308
	A J Dargan, "	316
	W A Daniel, "	292
	J J Davis, "	284
	H M Davidson, "	425 20
	P Durham, "	344 80
	J H Everett, "	272
	Tilman Farrow, "	327 20
	O G Ford, "	314
	H Freeman, "	268 40
	John Galloway, "	284
	R Gambril, "	348
	W B Garrett, "	376
	G C Garris, "	278 20
	P Godwin, "	267 40
	J C Gorham, "	240 40
	W G Granbury, "	348 80
	W W Guess, "	264 80
	Henry Harding, "	210 40
	J C Harper, "	343 20
	B B Henderson, "	294
	P T Henry, "	274
	B R Hinnant, "	288 40
	P Hodgett, "	313
	Joseph Holderby, "	228 60

(To be continued.)

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } NASH COUNTY. }

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, NOVEMBER TERM, 1867.

Wm. T. Wright, Wm. T. Williams, Adm'rs. vs. Reddin Fox, Thos. Burgess and wife Lucy, and Mary B. Fox. } *Petition to sell Real Estate for Assets.*

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Reddin Fox, one of the defendants in this cause, is a non-resident of this State: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that advertisement be made, for six weeks successively, in the *Sentinel*, a newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, notifying the said defendant of the filing of this petition, and that, unless he appears at the next term of this Court, to be held for the County of Nash, at the Court House in Nashville, on the second Monday in February next, and answer the petition, the same will be taken *pro confesso* and heard ex parte as to him.

Witness B. H. SORSBY, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Nashville, the 2d Monday of November, 1867.

Jan. 1—w6w B. H. SORSBY, C. C. C.

WASHING POWDER.
20 Gross Just Received.

"IT EXCELS ALL WASHING PREPARATIONS yet invented. Extracts all dirt and stains; brightening the color, of clothes without injury to the fabric."

Jan 28-146-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

EDUCATIONAL.
Select Boarding and Day School,
HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE SPRING TERM OF THE MISSES NASH and MISS KOLLOCK'S School will commence February 7th, 1868, and close June 26th, (twenty weeks.) Circulars forwarded on application.

Nov 29—3m

NORTH CAROLINA
Military and Polytechnic Academy.

THE NINTH ANNUAL SESSION OF THIS Institution will commence on Wednesday, February 5th, 1868.

Besides the regular course of Science and Languages, and the Commercial Course, it offers to the public the advantages of a special course of Civil Engineering of the most complete description. Circulars can be obtained from

GEN'L. R. E. COLSTON, Sup't.
Hillsboro' N. C.

Application for admission should be made early.

Dec. 20—114-tf

Wake Forest College.

THE SPRING TERM opens on the 20th day of January, and closes on the second Thursday in June.

Tuition per session of five months, in Collegiate Course,	$35
Tuition, in Preparatory School,	30
Room rent and servant's hire (each)	5
Board (table fare) per week	$2.50 to 3

Washing and fuel are had on reasonable terms.

Apply for Catalogue to

W. ROYALL,
Sec. Faculty.

Dec. 16—111-dawtJn

MIDWAY SCHOOL.
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term, *Payable in Advance.* Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,

WILSON C. N. CAKE, Charlottesville, Va.
JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.

July 17-292-tf

Kittrell's Springs Female College.
GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION of this Institution will open the second Wednesday in February, 1868. The location is unsurpassed for health and accessibility.

During the past session, in a faculty of nearly two hundred, there has scarcely been a case of sickness. The health of many invalid young ladies has been thoroughly restored by the celebrated mineral water found here and they have prosecuted their studies with entire success.

We are immediately on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, within less than a half mile of Kittrell's Depot, and in telegraphic communication with all parts of the country.

Every facility is afforded for the most thorough and ext nsive education.

The Faculty is composed of five male Professors and seven lady Teachers.

Everything is new. Our musical instruments, including Piano Organ, Harp and Guitar, are of the finest quality.

Special attention paid to thoroughness in the English Course.

TERMS MODERATE and ACCOMMODATING.

The young ladies all worship in the College Chapel, and hence no extra clothing is required. Millinery is in no demand at Kittrell's Parents tell us that their daughters cost them less here, in this respect, than even at home. Taking into consideration the items of dress and medical attendance, there is no cheaper school in the south. Besides, we are determined to accommodate our patrons as far as we can, as to time of payment, and to put female education within the reach of the people, in the present depressed condition of the country. OUR DAUGHTERS MUST BE EDUCATED.

For Catalogue, apply to

REV. C. R. RIDDICK, President,
Dec. 14—110-3m Kittrell's Springs N. C

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.
GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.
No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,
NEW YORK.
SUCCESSORS
ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.
OF NEW YORK,
AND
SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,
OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.

May 15-1867

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
NO. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE,
New York.

Sept. 28—45- tf.

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,
[LATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.]
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
37 Nassau Street,
NEW YORK.

Associated with ROGER A. PRYOR, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend, thoroughly and promptly, to all business committed to his management.

Aug. 24, 1867—15-1y

DIRECT TRADE! DIRECT TRADE!

The first class British Steamship

"A D A,"

of 815 tons burthen, will be in Norfolk, to load FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT, about the 22nd inst., and will call for Liverpool about the 25th.

For freight or passage, apply to

W. D. REYNOLDS & BRO.,
Agents, Norfolk, Va., or to
A. M. McPHEETERS,
Jan. 9—129-td Raleigh, N. C.

TALLOW.

1,000 pounds, nice.

Jan 15-132-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

PUMPS! PUMPS!! PUMPS!!!

JUST RECEIVED A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Downs & Co's. celebrated

Deep-Well, Cistern, Force and Lift PUMPS,

Which we offer on reasonable terms.

BRIGGS & DODD.

Jan 22-138-tf

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS
THOMAS SMITH,
NO. 25 SYCAMORE STREET,
PETERSBURG, Va.
THE LARGEST STOCK OF
DRY GOODS
IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.

IN PRESENTING MY KIND PATRONS WITH a memorandum of stock for Fall Trade, I also take occasion to thank them for their liberal patronage, soliciting at the same time its future continuance, assuring them that no effort will be spared to make it to their interest as well as pleasure to make their purchases of me. The following memorandum, though incomplete, will give a sufficient idea of the general stock:

Ladies' Dress Goods.

Black and colored Silks, in great variety, Irish Poplins, Belgian and French Poplins, French Merino, Barathea, Poplin Reps, Crapes, Empress Cloth, Ugenia Biarritz, Velourlines, Delaines, Mousselines, single and double width, in all the new shades, Bismarcks, &c., Shepherd and Scotch Plaids.

Embroideries and Laces.

Hamburg Edgings, Hamburg Insertings, Hamburg Flouncing, Needlework Edging, Needlework Inserting, Needlework Flouncings, Nainsook Edgings, Nainsook Insertings, Swiss and Cambric Collars, Swiss and Cambric Collars and Cuffs, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Crape Collars and Cuffs, Bugle Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Sets, Real Valentia Collars and Cuffs, Imitation Collars and Cuffs, Cluney Collars and Cuffs, Real Val. Laces, Real Thread Laces, Real Cluney Laces, Real Guiper and Honiton Lace, Real Brussels Lace, Real Bobbin Lace, Point Lace Handkerchiefs, Valentia Lace Handkerchiefs, Imitation Lace Handkerchiefs.

Sundries.

Cloaks, Shawls, in long and square, for Misses and Ladies, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Bugle and Ribbon Trimmings in large assortment, Jet Silk and Fancy Buttons, Taffeta Ribbons, Narrow Watered Ribbon, for Trimming, Belt Ribbons, Worsted and Alpaca Braids, Mohair Braids, Galoons and Stay Bindings, Corset Splits, Zigzag Braid, Star Braids, Magic Ruffling, Plain and Fancy Hair Nets, &c., China and Agate Buttons, Full lines of Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons.

Mourning Department.

Grs. Grain and Brgt Silks, French Merino, Bombazine, Tamise, Canton Cloth, Bearetz, Crapes, Barathea, Poplins, Empress Cloth, Ugenias, Velourlines, Persian Cords, Mousselines, Challies, Alpacas and Mohair, all of the very best, Longin's celebrated manufacture.

White Goods.

Plain, Plaid and Striped Cambric, Plain, Plaid and Striped Jaconet, Plain, Plaid and Striped Nainsook, Plain, Plaid and Striped Swiss Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Victoria Lawn, Plain, Plaid and Striped Bishop's Lawn, soft finish Jaconets, Soft finish Cambric and Soft Long Cloths, PeKay Marsailles, &c., Tarletons white and colored, Organdies, Dotted and Figured Swiss Briliants, Patent skirting.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods.

Undervests, Drawers, Cotton Lisle Thread Hose, Real English Hose, Gotham Rubbers (a great variety, for Misses Children and Ladies; Ladies' Brown Hose, Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, Kid Gloves in large assortment, white, black and colored, Berlin and Lisle Thread Gloves, in all sizes, Garters, Elastics, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Real Shell, Horn and Gutta Percha Combs, Veils in Real Lace Dotted Bordered and Bugle-Trimmed Parasols, Fans, &c.

Domestics.

Bleached and Brown Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown Jeans, Bleached and Brown Canton Flannel, Plaid, Striped and Plain Osnaburgs, Tickings, Denims, Hickney, Huckery, Dongrey, Calico in all the popular makes; Ginghams in every variety.

Housekeeping Department.

Flannels, plain and fancy, Blankets, Carpets, Tapestry, Three-Ply, Superfine, Ingrain, in all wool and cotton chain, Venetian, Hemp and Cottage Carpets, Druggets, Rugs and Door Mats, Floor Oil Cloth, Lace, Muslin, Brocatelle and Damask Curtains, Piano and Table Covers, Table Damask, Stair and Table Oil Cloths, Napkins, Doylees, Towels, Huckaback, Crash and Glass Linens, Linen and Cotton Sheetings, in all widths, Pillow Linens, Marseilles Counterpanes, Jacquard and Cotton Diapers, Linen Diapers, Bird eye Diapers, Irish Linen, &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

All are respectfully invited to inspect my stock before making their purchases. My conviction is, the true way to success is to secure the interest of your customers by charging the smallest possible profit on goods. This has ever been my motto, and the large business heretofore done encourages me in adhering strictly to it.

THOMAS SMITH,
No. 25 Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.
Oct. 15—59

MISCELLANEOUS.
P. F. PESCUD,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assetts exceeding **$5,500,000.**

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

P. F. PESCUD,
Dec. 14—110-tf Ins. Agent.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 31—72-tf

SPECTACLES!
SPECTACLES!!
SPECTACLES!!!

At **MOSS'**, two doors above Market, to suit all ages.

New glasses fitted to old frames.

Save money by carrying your WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY to MOSS, to be repaired.

Dec. 20—114-tf

For Sale.

THE VIRGINIA BOOT & SHOE POLISH, said to be a very superior article.

Jan. 11—131-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

ALE! ALE!!—10 KEGS "COCKADE CITY," received this morning. A supply always on hand.

Jan 23-142-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.
Salt! Salt!

4,500 SACKS SALT, JUST RECEIVED per Barque *Dunkeld*, direct from Liverpool, for sale, low, from vessel, by

WILLARD BROS.,
Jan. 8—128-1m Wilmington.

WILLIAM H. WILLARD, *Special Partner.* RICH'D N. TAYLOR, *General Partner.*

RICHARD N. TAYLOR,
WHOLESALE GROCER
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Corner Craven and South Front Streets,
NEWBERN, N. C.

Refers to J. M. Conway, 15 Park Place, N. Y., Wygant & Hoeft, 68 Dey Street, N. Y., Jas. S. Woodward's Sons, 28 North Front St., Philadelphia, W. R. Gulick & Geo. W. Swepson, National Bank, Raleigh, N. C., R. M. Oates & Co., Charlotte, N. C.

Oct. 30—72-3m

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS.
FREEER, NEAL & Co.,
J. R. NEAL, GEO. R. FREER, ISO. WHITE.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, Va.

Refer to R. H. Smith, Esq., Scotland Neck; Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte; O. G. Parsley & Co., E. Murray & Co., Wilmington; Gen. R. W. Haywood, Raleigh; Gen Wade Hampton, South Carolina; Colonel John W. Cunningham, Person County; Turner Battle, Esq., Edgecombe; Exchange National Bank of Norfolk; George H. Brown & Co., Washington.

Oct. 9—54

ESTABLISHED 1851.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.
KADER BIGGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales & the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

TRAVELLING AGENTS—Major Jas H. Mayo, of Edgecombe, and Mr. Jas. B. Hancock, or Wilson, who will be pleased to furnish any information or facility to those shipping to us.

Returns for Cotton can be paid here in all cases when preferred by shippers, according to instructions.

Norfolk Va., N.V.

W. M. CREEK, | W. C. CAPEHART, | C. CAPEHART,
CREEK, CAPEHART & CO.,
GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 35 Commerce Street,
NORFOLK, VA.

A supply of Pure PERUVIAN GUANO and other Fertilizers, ROPE, BAGGING, GROCERIES and LIQUORS, kept constantly on hand.

Nov. 29-11-3m

BOOK STORES.
ALFRED WILLIAMS. C. W. LAMBETH.
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
No. 10 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.
Book Sellers and Stationers,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SCHOOL BOOKS,
STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,
MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;
BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;
SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;
ALBUMS;
PERFUMERY,
FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We ar now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

Turner's N. C. Almanac for 1868.

WE SHALL PUBLISH, in a few days, the **SECOND EDITION** of the above Almanac.

We have reduced the price to 15 per hundred or $50 per thousand.

Send your orders to

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers and Stationers.
Raleigh, Oct. 24—67-tf

Magazines and Illustrated Newspapers.

RECEIVED WEEKLY, and for sale at the lowest prices, the popular Magazines and illustrated newspapers of the day.

JAS H. ENNISS,
Nov. 15—86-tf Bookseller.

CONGRESS TIE ENVELOPES.
For sale by
J. H. ENNISS,
Oct. 17—61-tf N. C. Book Store.

MISCELLANEOUS.
JOHN W. HINSDALE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

July 22-204-tf

LARD! LARD!

Family Refined Lard, in 25 lb buckets.
" " " " 10 " tins.
" " " " 100 " kegs.

For sale by
Dec. 17—112-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE **PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY**, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over **$500,000** of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured, which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 74
ÆTNA	1 31
BROOKLYN	1 13
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 05
EQUITABLE	1 24
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE!

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 23—116-3m

DRY GOODS.
NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,
No. 21 Fayetteville St.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

October 4, 1867—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.
On Hand and for Sale, Cheap.

20 BBLS. COMMON WHISKEY.
10 " Choice Rye do
5 " Old Ky. Bourbon do
5 " Scuppernong Wine.

A good supply of Rum, Gin, French Brandy, Wines, &c. in smaller packages.

Jan. 10-130-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

For Rent.

A HANDSOME RED SANDSTONE COTTAGE with eight rooms, kitchen with four rooms, and all necessary out-houses, in the neighborhood of Rev. R. S. Mason, Wm. Grimes and Capt. Lawrence.

Jan. 6—128-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

JOHN T. DEWEESE,
Attorney at Law and Register in Bankruptcy,

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS except the Bankrupt Court. Office in the *Standard* building.

Raleigh, Dec. 25—115-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.
R. G. LEWIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
RALEIGH, N. C.

PRACTICES in Federal Courts, all the State Courts, and Courts of Bankruptcy.

Is prepared to collect claims in any portion of this State.

Refers to the Bank Officers, and principal business men of this State.

Jan. 10—130-3m

DANIEL G. FOWLE. RICHARD E. BADGER.
FOWLE & BADGER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
RALEIGH, N. C.,

Will practice in the Supreme Court of North Carolina, the United States Circuit Court, the Superior Courts of Wake, Johnston, and Chatham Counties, and in the Courts of Bankruptcy.

Dec. 19—113-3m.

WANTED.

A situation as TEACHER by a young lady, who is prepared to give instruction in the different English branches and the French language. Letters addressed to "EDITORS SENTINEL" will receive attention.

Jan. 4—125-tf

JUST RECEIVED.

A BEAUTIFUL LOT OF SHIRT STUDS AND Sleeve Buttons. T. V. MOSS,

Dec 24 2 doors above the Market

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.

5,000 pounds Sweeds and Refined Iron.
1,000 pounds Hoop Iron.
For Sale Low for Cash,
J. BROWN,
Jan 22-139-tf With Hart & Lewis.

CORN! CORN!!

A SMALL LOT OF PRIME CORN TO-DAY receiving by

DOUGLAS BELL,
Jan 23-140-tf Fayetteville St.

CHEAP AND PERMANENT FERTILIZERS!

WE ARE PREPARED TO FILL CASH ORders for any quantity of

SHELL LIME

At $7,50 per Ton of 2,000 lbs.,

Fresh Ground Plaster, at $14,00 per Ton of 2,000 lbs.

No Extra Charge made for bags or Drayage.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
Jan. 17-136-1m Portsmouth, Va.
Register copy.

RAILROADS.
TO SHIPPERS.
NORTH CAROLINA
ALL STATE
RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)
THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,
THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND
BEST LINE NORTH AND SOUTH, TO
BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY
SAY VIA R. & G. R. R.!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have enormously enriched this Line to the entire satisfaction of shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the few Thousand Shippers in North and south Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come ($70,000 per year), and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

R O U T E,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are requested so to direct your Freight, or they will be taken by another Route!

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consigners to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., *via Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:
Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:
Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:
(Via Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:
Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-105-tf Raleigh N. C.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 14th, 1867.

On and after October 15th, 1867, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	10 10 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	5.17 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.25 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	5.00 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	7.00 A. M.
" " arrives at Raleigh	5.00 P. M.

The Mail Trains make direct connections with all points North.

A. B. ANDREWS,
Oct. 15—59-tf Supt. of Trans.
☞ Register and standard copy tf.

MISCELLANEOUS
CHARLESTON HOTEL,
CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN charge of the above well known Hotel, respectfully informs his friends and the travelling public that it has been REFURNISHED IN ALL OF ITS DEPARTMENTS. The table will at all times be supplied with the THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS, including every delicacy in season, while the cuisine will be unexceptionable. The Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel are supplied with the celebrated Artesian Water, and HOT, COLD OR SHOWER BATHS can be obtained at any time. The same attention will be paid to the comfort of the guests as heretofore, and travellers can rely upon finding the Charleston Hotel equal to any in the United States. The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully solicited.

J. P. HOSBACH, Agent,
Jan 14-123 3m Proprietor.

FOR RENT.

A SMALL HOUSE, WITH THREE ROOMS, a Kitchen with two rooms, and a small Cabin. The lot contains one acre of ground.

W. H. JONES & CO.
Jan 22-139-tf

For Rent for the Year 1868.

THE DWELLING HOUSE and Lot, on Fayetteville Street, late residence of James McKimmon, deceased.

For terms, apply to
Jan. 4—125-tf FOWLE & BADGER.

HENRY GWYNN, of Baltimore, | S. B. COTTEN, Late of N. C. | WALTER GWYNN, JR., Late of S. Carolina.
GWYNN, COTTEN & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
AND
General Commission Merchants,
105 *West Lombard Street,*
BALTIMORE.

☞ Liberal advances made on Consignments Orders for GENERAL MERCHANDISE solicited. Refer to Gen. Walter Gwynn, and Hon. Thos. Ruffin, N. C.

Sept. 20—45-e-12m&wkm

NOTICE.

THE FIRM OF PULLIAM, JONES & CO., HAVing been dissolved the debts due must be paid by the 1st day of February; otherwise every claim will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. We sincerly hope our friends will save the unpleasant necessity of inspecting them so soon by giving attention to this notice. Approved negotiable paper at 60 days will be accepted.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Jan 17-134-tf Raleigh, N. C.

HARDWARE TRADE—1868.

CAST IRON HEATING STOVES, AIR TIGHT Heating Stoves, Cooking Stoves, Assorted sizes.

ALSO

Stove Pipe made to order at short notice. Sold low for cash.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Jan. 9—tf With Hart & Lewis.

COOKING STOVES!
COOKING STOVES!!

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL ENDEAVOR TO keep constantly on hand a good assortment of

COOKING STOVES.

The Stoves are bought in lots from the Manufacturer and fitted up here, and hence can be sold and are selling

At Reduced Rates!

He desires to call especial attention to the celebrated BUCK'S PATENT, which he warrants to give satisfaction in every instance.

Buck's Pat. No. 6, with pipe and furniture,	$30.00	
" " 8 " " "	35.00	
" " 9 " " "	40.00	

Low priced Stoves, from $15 to $25.

☞ Any kind of good BARTER will be taken in exchange. J. N. POGUE,
Oct 6—39-tf&w6m Hillsboro', N. C.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$1 50
Six months	3 00
One year	6 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4 00
" " six months	2 00
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2 00
" " six months	1 00

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, } SEATON GALES,
EDITORS.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1868

REPORT "ON A GOVERNOR," &C.

The report of Mr. Nicholson, of Perquimans, proposing the article in the new Constitution, "on a Governor and other necessary State Executive Officers," as our readers are advised, was under discussion, in Committee of the Whole, in the "so-called," on Monday, but no conclusion was reached. On yesterday, however, the discussion was resumed, and the first and second sections of the report adopted in the form given in the report of proceedings.

It proposes to increase the number of officers in the Executive department, and provides for a Governor, Lieutenant Governor, a Secretary of State, an Auditor, a Treasurer, a Superintendent of Public Works, a Superintendent of Public Instruction, and an Attorney General. The officers are to be elected every two years by the voters of the State, at the public elections designated for members of the General Assembly; and the Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer and the Superintendents of Public Works and of Public Instruction, are to constitute the Governor's Council. The report is carefully drawn, and, in the main, is creditable to the drawer.

The Conservatives of the body very properly objected to the innovations proposed upon our time-honored customs, and to the enhanced expenses which must be incurred, by an increase of officers, at a time when the most rigid economy is demanded in the public expenditures. Under circumstances very different from what we can hope to exist in the next twenty years in this State, (especially if Radical rule shall fix its blighting influence upon it,) it may be that we might need all the officers provided for in that report, and the public interests might demand them, but, as matters now stand, and as they are likely to be for that period, we doubt entirely the policy. The whole tenor of the report, moreover, smacks of Yankee manipulation, and ignores the safe and staid temper of the Old North State, which has always eschewed inducements to experiment, at the sacrifice of her conservatism and well-earned integrity.

The past history of the country furnishes no encouragement either for the enlargement of suffrage or the increase of State elections by the people, which tend too much to the embodiment of the masses in partizan conflicts, and to foster partizan feeling in the conduct of the domestic affairs of the State, often to the serious detriment of the home interests of the people and of the State, and injury to our republican institutions. Nothing, it strikes us, would more readily change the character of our people adversely or injuriously, than the increase of popular elections. We have found the election of a Governor and members of the Legislature, once in two years, quite exciting enough, for a people whose material interests have been so damaged, as to demand all their care and thought to mend them. A contest, in which sixteen or more prominent individuals, at one time, are engaged, clamorous for votes, with an active and often violent canvass kept up for the space of sixty days in the State, added to the canvass in the Counties of over three hundred candidates for the Legislature, would go very far to increase partizan strife among us and multiply largely the number of demagogues and politicians,—a class of persons, whom the great body of the people, for the last twenty years, have been anxious to get rid of.

National politics and partizan rivalry are damaging enough, to lead thoughtful people to desire far less of it in the administration of State affairs. Two Executive tickets in the State, composed of eight candidates each, of two antagonistic parties, could not fail to reduce our State administrations to a thorough partizan *regime*, which must enter actively into *every* State interest and consequently subject every such interest to the dangers of change, upon the accession of every new administration. Our revenue system, internal improvement system, educational system and general management, would necessarily become partizan and liable to be jeoparded by party influence.—The Governor being a partizan, all the Executive officers elected would wear the same party badges and would consequently shape their course to gratify party aims and ends.

The election of a Governor, and a Lieutenant Governor, if it is determined to have one, by the people, would be going quite far enough in that direction. Nor do we favor the making the ministerial officers of the Executive department the Governor's Council. Our old system of selecting the Counsellors of State, from a class of citizens who are not officers, and who are independent of office, a portion of whom, too, may differ politically with the Governor, we consider far preferable and safer; and their selection by the General Assembly, as well as the ministerial officers of the State, we think commended by our ancient practice and the success of our past history.

What has been gained to the State, by the changes in our old plans, years ago, by the election of the Governor by the people and the breaking down that safe check upon the Legislature, which required the suffrage of land-holders to elect the Senate? Are we a whit freer, wiser or better people than we were before? But witlings and demagogues cry out for change and *progress*, which, the times prove, is a *progress downward!* "Better let well enough alone!"

But why need we dwell upon the proposed measures of this unconstitutional and Radical body? The violent, reckless, un-American and anti-republican measures and propositions of the Radical party have clearly doomed it and all its wild and vindictive schemes to destruction, in the minds of the American people. The Constitutions of the mongrel Conventions of the South are farming, are not worth the paper they are written upon. The voice of the great Democratic and Conservative masses of the country has already pronounced sentence upon Radicalism. The judgment of the country has already weighed it in the balances of justice, and written upon it, "MENE, MENE, TEKEL, UPHARSIN."

POWERS OF THE CONVENTIONS.

It would be quite a saving of money to the people of this State, if Gen. Canby would instruct the Convention now in session here as to its specific duties. It is not such a Convention as is provided for by the Constitution of the State. Congress does not admit that the people of this State are in a condition to legislate and make laws for themselves. The Reconstruction Acts confer upon Gen. Canby, except in such powers as Congress reserves to itself, the sole power of making laws for the government of the State, until the new Constitution goes into operation. The Convention is simply empowered to propose a new Constitution to the people and to Congress.—It is limited in its powers of legislation to that specific duty. It may suggest to Gen. Canby any new legislation it deems necessary, but any law which it passes can have no force or validity, without Gen. Canby's assent or approval.

Gen. Pope did not hesitate to tell the Alabama Convention that all its acts were invalid and without force, until the ratification of the Constitution, and until the new government went into operation, except such acts as he might adopt as his own and give validity and force to. Gen. Meade takes the same view, and we presume Gen. Canby holds the same opinion. Why, then, should the time of the Convention be consumed in useless talk and in considering invalid legislation? Our people have no money to be wasted, and the *wisdom* of the Convention does not inspire the people with any bright hopes of its legislating to any profit. Ten or fifteen men possess all the tact and legislative ability of the body.—The great body of the wealth, intelligence and virtue of the State are unrepresented, except by a few who really have no power in the Convention.

GOV. GRAHAM.—No State in the Union has a more eminent citizen, nor can any boast of a more devoted friend of constitutional liberty, than William A. Graham.—No defence of him against the low abuse of the *Standard* is needed anywhere. Both Gov. Graham and the X. P. G. are well known. It is, perhaps, due to Mr. Battle, the Public Treasurer, to say, in reply to a slander contained, as we learn, in yesterday's *Standard*, that his course in regard to the *per diem* question was taken without consultation with or the knowledge of Gov. Graham, and his letter to the Convention was written before Gov. G. reached the city. Indeed, Mr. B. had fully settled, in his own mind, the course he should take, before the matter was broached in the Convention, and he has not changed his mind a whit, since that determination was taken. We make this statement entirely upon our responsibility, without the knowledge or suggestion of any one.

THE MINORITY.—The bearing of the few Conservatives in the "so called" Convention cannot be too highly commended. They are standing up manfully for the interests of North Carolina, and resisting stoutly and ably, whenever they think it incumbent on them to do so, the innovations of the imported and native, white and black, Constitution-makers. (Save the mark!) Mr. Durham, particularly, is a thorn in their side, and he disposed of the entire motley crew, who yelled around him, on Monday, in the most approved and gallant style.

Mr. Graham, of Orange, on yesterday, made one of the best speeches of the session, in opposition to special legislation on the removal of disabilities,—a meagre abstract of which is given in our report of proceedings.

CASWELL.—We learn, from the Danville (Va.) *Times*, that a Conservative meeting was held in Yanceyville, on Saturday last, over which that sterling patriot, the Hon. Bedford Brown, presided. Judge Kerr is said to have made a most able and eloquent speech on the occasion, in the course of which he reminded the Chairman, that while he (Mr. Brown, who had been a consistent Union man,) could not vote, "that man," (pointing to the late George Williamson's colored carriage driver,) "could." Resolutions favoring a white man's Government were adopted.

THE WORLD ALMANAC FOR 1868.—We have on our table this valuable document, prepared at the New York *World* office. It contains 108 pages of standard matter, which embodies not only all the information necessary to an Almanac proper, but a vast fund of political matter from official sources, adapted to the campaign of 1868, and which every man should be in possession of. We hope the book-stores of the State will supply themselves with a goodly number of them for general sale. Let the Almanac be generally circulated.

POLITICAL PAPERS.—We cannot commend to the Conservative people of North Carolina, too highly, the Weekly *National Intelligencer*, and the Weekly New York *World*, which contain not only the ablest, but the most valuable, political information, now so much needed among the body of the people. While we believe our people should sustain their own State papers, these two commend themselves to our people, by their intrinsic worth and ability, and their wise, conservative course.

THE PER DIEM.—The Newbern *Republican* is anxious to shift the responsibility of the $8 per diem, from the shoulders of the Radical party. The attempt is simply ridiculous. While it is true that a number of Radicals voted against it, yet a *majority* of the Radicals of the body *voted for it*, as they have done for every other extravagant measure of the session.

The "Constitutional Convention," (So-called.)

TUESDAY, Jan. 28, 1868.

The Convention was called to order at 11 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev — Ellis, (negro.)

Mr. Rodman presented a report from the Committee on Relief.

Mr. Tourgee moved that it be printed, and laid on each member's desk, as he wished to give it a careful consideration.

Mr. Welker moved to make it the special order for to-morrow, at 12 o'clock. Carried.

Mr. Gunter offered a resolution in relation to relief. Laid over.

Mr. Dalin, a resolution in regard to issuing new State bonds. Laid over.

Mr. Parker, a resolution for the meeting of the Convention at 10, A. M., and also for holding afternoon sessions, when necessary. Laid over.

Hyman, (negro,) a resolution erasing the word "white" from the Constitution, and in regard to suffrage. Referred.

Eppes, (negro,) a resolution that all real estate be taxed *ad valorem*, &c. Referred to Committee on Towns and Cities.

Mr. Baker, a resolution in opposition to all test oaths. Referred.

Mr. Ellis, the following resolutions, viz:

WHEREAS, We, the delegates of the people of North Carolina, assembled, do recognize in the Government of the United States three co-ordinate branches, viz: Executive, Judicial and Legislative, and do not recognize any Constitutional *warrant* for the one's infringing upon the prerogatives of the others: *And, whereas*, There are many special cases where persons are held in suspense, and are detained from a speedy hearing before one of said branches, thus depriving them of a right to a fair and impartial hearing on points involving the constitutionality of the reconstruction acts, thus subjecting them to great and unhappy inconvenience: *And whereas*, There exists a wide spread feeling of discontent in all the States of this Union, in regard to the present unhappy state of things:

Resolved, therefore, That we, the delegates of the people of North Carolina, do hereby call upon the Congress of the U. S., now in session, to aid the President in obtaining a hearing before the Supreme Court of the U. S., on all points involving the constitutionality of the reconstruction acts, in order that their decision may be made known to the people of the U. S. as early as possible.

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be transmitted, by the President of this Convention, to the President of the U. S., to the Chief Justice, and to the Speakers of both houses of Congress. Laid over.

Harris, of Wake, (negro,) a resolution proposing a Committee of eight to take into consideration the Congressional Districts. Laid over.

Mr. Abbott asked that his ordinance, in relation to the Charlotte, Wilmington and Rutherford Railroad, be continued on the calendar. No objection.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Hood's, (negro,) resolution, praying the removal of political disabilities from certain individuals, imposed by the Howard amendment, was taken up.

Mr. Durham said that Congress had no right to do this, when the Howard amendment was not a part of the Constitution.—The President only had a right to do so. It would display great ignorance, on the part of the Convention.

Hood, (negro,) said that the Constitutional amendment was the law of the land,—the law under which Congress was acting.

Mr. Heaton said he had been informed by gentlemen of high standing and great learning, that upon proper representations from members of this Convention, Congress would remove, as they clearly had a right to do, the disabilities of those who were in a hearty accordance with the Reconstruction acts.

Mr. Jones, of Washington, moved the adoption of the resolution, and said the resolution proposed a committee to report names for relief from those disabilities. They wished to relieve the gentleman himself (Mr. D.) but he would not accept it. The revolution of arms had passed; now it was a revolution of ideas. Congress had taken the matter in hand; how can it be averted? Why not accept the situation, and let N. C. take her former honored stand in the honored Union?

Mr. Graham, of Orange, said that he opposed the resolution on the ground that the Constitution of the U. S. says "the President shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment." He had been twitted by members on the other side with the oath he had taken—the oath to support this Constitution. He certainly did not understand that he was swearing to support the Howard Amendment, nor did he believe that any member on this floor did. Yet we are told that three-fourths of the States in the Union ratified this Article, and that it is now the law of the land. He had not seen that even Congress had so declared. Yet this resolution is founded upon this supposition. Why, then, is your party so anxious that N. C. shall ratify it? No, thank God, the Constitution is not yet disgraced by such a provision, and he trusted, from the signs of the times, both North and South, it never will be. We are asked, by the gentleman from Washington, to take advantage of the present propitious season, and, if we do not need pardon ourselves, to present the names of our friends. Mr. G. thanked the gentleman for his kindness and for the information that "while the lamp holds out to burn, the vilest sinner may return."

If we have committed offences, we are subject only to such punishment as is prescribed by the laws in force, when the act was committed, and not by the Congress of the United States.

I do not think, (said Mr. G.,) I would be putting any friend of mine upon a roll of honor by presenting his name upon such a petition. But we are told that unless we cease our factious opposition to the measures of Congress, our State will never get back into the Union. Mr. President, I do not understand how North Carolina has ceased to be a State in the Union. Gentlemen will hardly contend that it was by the ordinance of secession. The Congress of the United States declared, in the darkest hour of the war, that they did not wage war for the purpose of subjugation, but only to restore the Union, with the rights of all the States unimpaired. We certainly have Federal Tax Collectors, a Judge of the District Court of the State of North Carolina, and the Chief Justice of the United States presiding in the Court. I, therefore, do contend that North Carolina is a State in the Union, inferior to none of her sisters, and am opposed to the whole system of legislation as *ex post facto*. Instead of the dark and lowering picture portrayed by the gentleman from Washington, I trust to a sense of justice in the Northern people, and that pride of race and color, which will not continue the present subjection of the white race or require the descendants of those who stood by them on the battle fields of the revolution, to be deprived of privileges not denied to the negro. I think this Convention would consult its own self respect by waiting until this information should be requested by Congress.

Mr. Abbott here moved that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole. Agreed to; when

Mr. Nicholson, the Chairman of the Committee on Governor and other Executive officers, said, in behalf of the Committee, he would state that they had no intention of creating unheard of offices; that the office of Lt. Governor would be no additional expense to the State; that the other offices had been exercised in the State within the last ten or fifteen years.

Mr. Heaton favored the creation of the office of Lt. Governor, and assigned various reasons therefor, and also the creation of the offices of Superintendent of Public Instruction and Superintendent of Public Works.

Mr. Durham said that it had been reported that he and other Conservative gentlemen were opposed to a system of Free Schools. He would not allow himself to be thus misrepresented. He was in favor of a liberal system of education, whenever the State was able to bear the necessary tax to support it. They were creating officers here, now, whose salaries would have to come out of the Treasury. We have, since the war, been scarcely able to pay the ordinary tax actually necessary to carry on the State government. He did not care what Northern States were in the habit of doing; he wanted the established system of old North Carolina for his guide,—no importation of Northern customs. He did not care much about the office of Lt. Governor, but they had heretofore got along without one very well, and he did not see the necessity of creating the office now, simply because Ohio, New York and other Northern States had one.

Mr. Tourgee next addressed the Convention in favor of the creation of the office.

Mr. Ashley followed on the same side.

Mr. French, of Chowan, related an anecdote concerning the Maine Liquor Law and a certain *granny* in the State.

Mr. Durham said that various gentlemen had given Ohio, New York, and other Northern States, as an example worthy to be followed, but he did not care for them or their *grannies*; if any *granny's* example should be followed, he wanted to follow that of North Carolina.

Mr. Graham said the mass of the people were in favor of a good system of Common Schools, and that, before the war, there were more children in North Carolina at school, than in any one other State, according to population; and that he would favor a liberal system, but, at the same time, he would not allow himself to be misrepresented in the matter.

Mr. French, of Chowan, read some statistics gathered at *Washington City*.

Mr. Welker thought so much discussion unnecessary, as it was no party measure or sectional scheme.

Harris, of Wake, (negro,) advocated the creation of the offices.

The question on Mr. Durham's amendment, offered yesterday, striking out the provisions for the offices of Lieutenant Governor, Supt. of Public Works and of Public Instruction, was put to a vote and lost.

After a good deal of confusion, and innumerable amendments, the 1st, section of the Report was adopted, in the following modified form:

SECTION. 1. The Executive Department shall consist of a Governor, in whom shall be vested the supreme Executive power of the State, a Lieutenant Governor, a Secretary of State, an Auditor, a Treasurer, a Superintendent of Public Works, a Superintendent of Public Instruction, and an Attorney General, who shall be elected for the term of two years, by the qualified electors of the State, at the same times and places, and in the same manner, as members of the General Assembly are elected.—Their term of office shall commence on the first day of January next after election, and continue until their successors are elected and qualified: *Provided*, the officers first elected shall assume the duties of their office 30 days after the acceptance of this Constitution by Congress, and shall hold their offices for two years from and after Jan. 1, 1869.

Mr. Abbott moved to amend the 2nd. section, by striking out the words "have been," in the 2nd. line, and inserting the word "be," and strike out the words "for twenty years" in the 3d. line, and insert the word "and."

Mr. Tourgee moved to amend, by striking out the first five lines and inserting "any qualified voter of the State shall be eligible as Governor or Lieutenant Governor."

He thought the original did not give the colored man a fair chance.

The amendment was lost.

The question recurred on Mr. Abbott's amendment, and it was adopted.

An amendment by Mr. McCubbins, which had been previously offered, but ruled out of order, to strike out two years residence in the State and insert four, and to require a freehold valued of $1,000 for Governor, was again offered.

Mr. Nicholson offered the following substitute for the whole section, and it was adopted:

"No person shall be eligible as Governor, or Lieutenant Governor, unless he shall have attained the age of 30 years, and shall have been a *resident* of the U. S. for twenty years, and of the State for two years next before such election, nor shall any person elected to either of these two positions be eligible to the same office more than four years in any term, unless cast upon him as Lt. Governor or Speaker of the Senate."

On motion of Galloway, (negro,) the Committee rose, the Chairman reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

On motion, the Convention adjourned until 11 o'clock to-morrow.

MR. DAVIS IN MISSISSIPPI.—The Vicksburg *Times* says:

"Long absent, but warmly loved as well in the day of his power as when a shackled prisoner in Fortress Monroe, the hearts of our people yearn towards President Davis with unutterable affection. For what he tried to do—for what he has borne and suffered in the cause of the people—he will always be honored and remembered. We cannot greet him, as in other days, with public manifestations of respect and gratitude, but when Jefferson Davis again stands among his old friends, though their voices may be mute, their hearts will throb with a wild, tumultuous joy."

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.—It appears that the late campaign in Kansas in favor of woman's rights has not been without tangible results. On Wednesday last, Miss Emma Hunt was elected enrolling clerk of the lower house of the Legislature of that State. This is said to be the first case of the kind on record.

THE STEAM MAN.—Many experiments have been made during the past fortnight, and although some accidents, such as are incident to new machinery, occurred, he finally works perfect. The old spiral springs have been replaced by stronger ones; so that the steam man is no longer weak in the knees; and upon steam being generated on Thursday, he stumped off like a live Trojan. In the evening he appeared on Broad street.—*New York Tribune.*

On Friday, in the United States Senate Chamber, after Mr. Morton had finished his speech, some one in the galleries moved to adjourn; which was carried, so far as the individual was concerned, by a prompt arrest and expulsion.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TUCKER HALL!

R. J. SARGENT, Lessee and Manager.

EVERY NIGHT UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Wednesday Night, January 29th.

EAST LYNNE!

MRS. STETSON, IN THE DUAL ROLES OF LADY ISABELLA AND MADAME VINE

Jan 29-148-1t

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KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice

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Jan 29-148-tf

RECEIVED THIS DAY
A large lot of fine Havana Oranges, at
TONNOFFSKI'S
31 Fayetteville St.
Jan 29-148-tf

RYE FLOUR,—newly ground,
At
Jan 29-148-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

BUCKWHEAT AND GOLDEN SYRUP, A Superior quality. At
Jan 29-148-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!!
At
Jan 29-148-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

SEGARS OF ALL GRADES,
At
Jan 29-148-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

TOBACCO AND SEGARS,
At
Jan 29-148-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

Genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco.
At
Jan 29-148-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

O Consignment and for Sale low.
10 Bbls. Old Rye Whiskey.
At
Jan 29-148-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

WANTED

A SMALL FARM in the vicinity of Raleigh, with comfortable dwelling and necessary Out-houses. Furnish description—to be forwarded to the party desiring to purchase.
Jan 29-148-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

WALTER CLARK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.
Jan 29-148-6m

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TWO Convenient and desirable HOUSES AND LOTS in the Western Ward of the City, on McDowell Street.

Also, a HOUSE AND LOT, on Fayetteville Street. This is good property. Apply, for information, at the
SENTINEL OFFICE.
Raleigh, Jan 29-148-tf

POTATOES! POTATOES!!

JUST RECEIVED TO-DAY

PRIME NORTHERN IRISH POTATOES.

NICE FOR TABLE USE,

AND

THE VERY BEST POTATO FOR PLANTING!!!

DOUGLAS BELL'S,
Jan 29-148-tf Fayetteville St.

THE MOST IMPORTANT

Agricultural Improvement of the Age!

THE WILLIAMS UTILITY PLOW.

PATENTED AUGUST 1867.

AS A CULTIVATOR OF ALL YOUNG CROPS, it is unsurpassed, unequaled. By its use, Hoeing is dispensed with. It possesses all the advantages of FOUR different styles of Plows, at a saving of more than one half the cost.

State and county rights of this Plow may be obtained of
W. B. WILLIAMS.
Raleigh, Jan 29-148-1m

L. BRANSON, J. S. JONES
Ag't N. C. Business Directory.

BRANSON & JONES,

SUCCESSORS TO

Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29 148-tf Raleigh, N. C.

A FARM—IN EXCHANGE FOR A CITY RESIDENCE.

Will be Exchanged for a Residence in Raleigh.

A GOOD FARM OF 600 ACRES,

IN Franklin County, 5 miles from the R. & G. R. R. Handsome, healthy location. Has an orchard of 4,000 choice Fruit Trees, and a fine variety of Grapes.

The dwelling large and convenient—with all necessary out buildings. An excellent location for a Physician, or School.
Jan 29-148-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

FRESH SEEDS.

We have just received from the most reliable seed-growers in the country, a large stock of **Fresh Garden, Lawn, Field and Meadow Grass Seeds**, embracing every variety of

Artichoke	Onion
Asparagus	Okra
Beans	Parsley
Beet	Parsnip
Brocoli	Peas
Brussells Sprouts	Pepper
Cabbage	Pumpkin
Carrot	Radish
Cauliflower	Rhubarb
Celery	Salsify
Collards	Squash
Corn Salad	Spinach
Cress or Peppergrass	Tomato
Cucumber	Herbs
Endive	Herds Grass
Egg Plant	Orchard do
Leek	Ky. Blue Grass
Lettuce	Timothy do
Kale	Mixed Lawn and
Melon	Lucerne Grass
Nasturtium	White Clover.

Which we offer at the lowest market rates For Cash.
JORDAN & CARR,
Jan 29-148-tf Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Petersburg, Va.

Choice Maryland Hams!

SOMETHING NICE—to-day receiving by
Jan 28-148-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

MISCELLANEOUS.

North Carolina Land Agency.

HAVING ASSOCIATED MYSELF WITH GEN. J. D. IMBODEN, of the City of Richmond, Va., to whose card below I refer the public, FOR THE SALE OF LANDS, MINES, &c., in North Carolina, I invite those persons in the State, having such property for sale, to address me at Bedsville, N. C., and steps will be taken, at once, to call the attention of Northern capitalists to all such property.
Jan. 9th, 1868. D. W. COURTS.

Virginia Central Land Agency.

I HAVE VERY RECENTLY PERFECTED THE organization necessary to conduct, on the largest scale, the business of selling

Lands, Mills, Mines, Furnaces, Water-Powers, &c.

My partner, Colonel R. J. PAGE, is in charge of our office in New York. In Philadelphia and Baltimore, I have Associates of the highest respectability and responsibility.

And for the sale of Lands, Mines, &c. in North Carolina, I am associated with D. W. COURTS, Esq., of Bedsville, for many years State Treasurer of N. C.

The facilities this Agency offers for the sale of Lands are not surpassed in the South. In regard to Mines of all kinds, I have made contracts with parties in the cities North of this, who make that branch of the business a specialty, both in this country and Europe, securing to me the widest possible field of operations, and in this city I have the aid and services of that accomplished Mineralogist and Assayer, Col. WILLIAM GILHAM, for the prompt analysis of all minerals that may be sent to me,—thus determining the value of mines, before they are offered for sale.

TERMS:—For selling lands, five per cent commission on all sales actually made, but no charge whatever, unless a sale is effected. For Mines, an additional contingent fee, the subject of contract in each case, and payable out of proceeds of sale.

Reference is made to public men generally throughout the State, with most of whom I have the pleasure of being personally acquainted.
Jan. 9—129-tf J. D. IMBODEN.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT,
JOHN E. EDWARDS,

VICE PRESIDENT, WM. B. ISAACS. SECRETARY, D. J. HARTSOOK.

MEDICAL EXAMINER,
CHARLES H. SMITH, M. D.

LEGAL ADVISER, H. C. CABELL. GENERAL AGENT, JNO. H. CLAIBORNE.

DIRECTORS:

John Enders,	Henry K. Ellyson,
William F. Taylor,	Asa Snyder,
Samuel S. Coffrell,	H. E. C. Baskerville,
John Dooley,	Samuel C. Tardy,
Charles T. Wortham,	George Jacobs,
William Willis, Jr.	J. W. Allison,
Ed. A. Smith,	George S. Palmer,
Thos. J. Evans,	A. D. Chockley,
James A. Scott,	H. C. Cabell,
B. M. Quarles,	D. J. Hartsook,
W. H. Tyler,	John C. Williams,
J. E. Edwards,	William G. Taylor,
A. Y. Stokes,	A. F. Abell.
J. B. Morton,	W. B. Isaacs,
R. H. Dibrell,	George L. Ridgood,
William H. Palmer,	Samuel M. Price.

LEWIS C. HANES, AG'T.
Jan 28-146-1f. LEXINGTON, N. C.

NOTICE.

SEWING MACHINES!

SINGER'S NEW FAMILY

MACHINES!

CAN BE HAD AT

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES

By Calling upon the Agency in Raleigh,

OVER THE MESSRS. TUCKER & CO'S STORE.

THE superior merits of the "Singer" Machines over all others, for either *family use or manufacturing purposes*, are so well established, and so generally admitted, that an enumeration of their relative excellences is no longer considered necessary.

The machine in question is simple, compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light-running and capable of performing a range and variety of work never before attempted upon a single machine,—using either silk, twist, linen or cotton thread, and sewing with equal facility the VERY FINEST and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner.

W. H. CROW & SONS,
Jan 27-145-1m Agents.

GOLDSBORO' FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE SPRING SESSION WILL OPEN ON Monday, the 17th. of February, and continue twenty weeks.

Board and Tuition, $95 per Session.

We have a corps of experienced and successful teachers.

For Circulars containing particulars, address,
E. W. ADAMS, President.
Jan 25-142-d1aw4wtM1

150 BUSHELS MEAL.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE, LOW.
W. ROBT ANDREWS,
Jan 25-142-2t Family Grocer.

Cheapest and most Reliable Manure in the Market.

400 BARRELS FRESH LAND PLASTER, direct from the best manufacturers in the country, for sale, very low, by
WORTH & DANIEL.
Jan 28-146-6t Wilmington, N. C.

New Crop Cardenas Molasses.

176 Hhds.
18 Barrels,
17 Tierces.
Choice new Crop CARDENAS MOLASSES, landing this day from Brig. JOHN BALCH, for sale very low
WORTH & DANIEL,
Jan 28-146-6t Wilmington, N. C.

CORN!

ANOTHER lot to-day received, and for sale, by
Jan 28-146-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Fruit Trees! Fruit Trees!!

FROM "New Garden Nurseries," now on hand and ready for planting.

As Agents for the proprietors, Messrs. J. Lindley & Son, we can fill orders for Fruit Trees, Vines, &c., &c., at short notice for cash.
Jan 28-146-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

LIFE INSURANCE.

ASSETS

$17,000,000,00.

WITH AN INCOME OVER

6,500,000.00,

SCRUPLE ASSETS, DEDUCTING LIABILITIES, OVER

6,000,000,00.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT, was organized in 1846, and now has over

55,000 Policies

in force, being a larger number than any other Company in the world.

Its Net Assets are Larger than any other Company.

Dividends have averaged over 50 per cent, and a credit of one-half the premium is given, which, in case of death, is canceled by anticipated dividends.

The interest received, during the past ten years, has more than paid its losses.

Great care in the selection of risks;
Low rates of mortality;
Extremely low ratio of expenses to receipts;
Immense income for interest, and
Consequent large dividends, reduce assurance to its lowest possible cost.

All Policies Non-Forfeitable by their Terms,

and no extra charge made, except only where the risk is extra hazardous.

No notes are required after the fourth year. Dividends paying half the premium thereafter.

No Deduction of Notes—No Assessment.

Assurance can be effected in all the forms desired.

☞ Any person seeking the safest and most ECONOMICAL PLAN should not fail to examine other companies represented in this State, with the *Connecticut Mutual*, as published in the reports of the insurance Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts.

SAM'L. DOUGLAS WAIT,
General Agent N. C.
Dec. 28-tf Raleigh.

EDUCATIONAL.

Henderson Collegiate Institute,

(On the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad)

THE FOURTH SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will commence on the 13th JANUARY, 1868.

Boys thoroughly prepared for College or for Business.

TERMS:

Per session of 20 weeks—half in advance; the balance on the 1st March:

Primary Department (currency)	$25 00
Higher English	25 00
Classical	30 00
Incidental Expenses	1 00
Board with the Principal (including Fuel and Lights)	95 00

Each student required to furnish a pair of blankets, a pair of sheets, a pair of pillow cases and his towels.

For Circular, address
FRED. A. FETTER, A. M.
PRINCIPAL,
Dec. 28-3awlm Henderson, N. C.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE,

SITUATED IN

OXFORD, GRANVILLE Co. N. C.

Is for Rent for the Year 1868.

It is one of the finest BUILDINGS in the State, and will accommodate

200 Young Ladies!

This is a good opportunity to any one wishing to open a

FEMALE COLLEGE.

For terms, &c., apply to
R. W. BEST, Chairman Com.
Jan 14-133-wsw3w Raleigh, N. C.

R. H. GRAVES' SCHOOL,

Williamsboro', Granville County, N. C.

NINE MILES FROM HENDERSON, ON THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD.

THE SPRING SESSION OF 1868 begins on the 9th of January.

The regular course of studies is such as to prepare boys for the Freshman or Sophomore Class in College, to which is added an Elective Course, having more especial reference to business.

For Circulars, address R. H. GRAVES,
Williamsboro', N. C.
Dec. 5—102-2aw2m (Via Henderson.)

Davenport Female College,

Lenoir, North Carolina.

RE ORGANIZED, RE-FITTED, AND RE-FURNISHED.

IF YOU WISH TO EDUCATE YOUR DAUGHters at an excellent school, conducted by competent teachers, in a healthy quiet place, and sublime mountain scenery, and at astonishingly low rates, send them, on or before the 3rd of February, 1868, to the above Institution. It bids fair to enjoy a career of unprecedented success and usefulness.

Board and Tuition for twenty weeks, $77,00. Apply for a Circular to
REV. SAMUEL LANDER, A. M.,
Dec. 20—114-wkwy1mar1 President.

MISCELLANEOUS.

YOUNG'S

BOARDING HOUSE,

NEAR THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Board per Day $2.00.

Liberal deductions made on board by the week or month.

Rooms large, comfortable and well furnished. Fare good.
Jan 13-132-tf

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE.

For Sale by all Grocers.

COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK.

Jan. 22—13m

For Sale.

NICE WHITE CORN MEAL.
Jan. 17—146-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

FOR SALE

Another lot of N. C. Family Flour, in sacks.
Jan. 17—136-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

For Sale,

$750 IN GOLD.
Jan. 17—136-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

1,000 BALES OF COTTON,

WANTED.

Apply to
LEN. H. ADAMS,
Jan 21-138-3t Market Square.

FAMILY FLOUR!

A SUPERIOR QUALITY JUST IN AND FOR sale by
Jan 21-138-1w LYNN ADAMS.

NORTH CAROLINA

MASONIC MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEWBERN, N. C.

THIS COMPANY IS NOW IN SUCCESSFUL operation and desires an Agent in each Lodge in N. C.

Applications for membership and Agencies should be addressed to
J. P. DILLINGHAM,
Sec'y and Treasurer,
Jan 21-138-2w Newbern N. C.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICE REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the Daily Sentinel at the following rates. A square will be the space occupied by 12 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
One square additional square one week	1,00
One square two weeks	5,00
One square additional square two weeks	2,00
One square one month	8,00
One square additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional " "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional " "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Notices in the news cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in writing at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted in inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Short advertisements inserted 3 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to continue the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1868.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Fresh Garden, Lawn, Field and Meadow Grass Seeds; Jordan & Carr, Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Petersburg.

Branson & Jones, Fayetteville Street, Successors to Branson & Farrar: Books, Stationery, &c., at reduced prices.

Walter Clark, Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law, Halifax, N. C.

Geo. L. Tomnofski, No. 31 Fayetteville Street: Groceries, Confectioneries, Wines, Ales, Liquors, Rye, Flour, Syrups, Molasses Sugars, Tobacco, Segars, &c. A complete establishment, every way. Give Mr. T. a call.

Prime Northern Irish Potatoes: Douglas Bell, Fayetteville Street.

A small Farm wanted in the vicinity of Raleigh: W. H. Jones & Co.

A valuable Farm in exchange for a City residence: W. H. Jones & Co.

Williams' Utility Plow: This is a most valuable improvement. The plow is supplied with apparatus, by which four distinct plows can be used in the crop without additional cost. It is a cheap, and, we think, excellent improvement. See advertisement.

Valuable City property for sale in the Western and Middle Wards: Apply at this office, for information.

MAYOR'S COURT.—Private Cavanah, Co. B, 8th. Infantry, arrested by order of Maj. Worth, at Tucker Hall, at 8½ o'clock, on Tuesday night, for disorderly conduct, was lodged in the Guard House and turned over to the military.

Private M. Golrich, Co. E, 8th. Infantry, brought to the Guard House by some of the soldiers for being intoxicated, was released by order of the Adjutant of the Post.

Private Joseph Chavis and Henry Smith, 40th. Infantry, Co. G., arrested by the Chief of Police for desertion, were lodged in the Post Guard House, by order of Col. Bomford.

TUCKER HALL.—Pizarro" and "The Loan of a Lover" went off well, last night, before quite a good house, notwithstanding the inclement evening.

To-night, as will be seen, another brilliant and attractive programme is presented.

On Friday night, Mr. Sargent's complimentary benefit will probably be given.

BAD WEATHER.—For two weeks the weather has been very bad. Muck and mud are holding high carnival. Some wag says, that the Clerk of the weather does not intend to make it much better, until the mongrel Convention adjourns.—We vote, therefore, for an early adjournment.

HOUSE BREAKING AND THIEVES.—We learn that some thief entered the dwelling of Dr. Martin, on Hillsboro Street, on Sunday night last, through one of the windows, but the Dr., hearing the scamp, made him beat a hasty retreat.

CAREY.—The sable delegate from Caswell, who rejoiceth in this name, may be perfectly independent in the use of our mother tongue, but he knows a thing or two, nevertheless. He has discernment enough to see through the hollow professions of the white Radicals around him, and evidently has but little use for Yankee adventurers. He rightly thinks that they are using his race only as an instrument for their own selfish advancement, and he was in a fair way on Monday, of putting them to the test, when he offered that amendment: that either the Governor or Lieutenant Governor should not have withdrawn it. The want of backbone seemeth to be his great drawback. He was on a surer road to the "archives of gravity," on Monday, than, we fear, he will be able to get again. However, try once more, Carey.

UPSIDE DOWN.—We learn that the Clerk of the "so-called" gave one of the door-keepers—doubtless the colored Principal—a written announcement for the meeting of one of the Committees, a day or two since, with directions to post it on the door of the Commons Hall. Forth proceeded the willing and faithful official, and promptly posted the notice *upside down*, and there it stuck! In old Amos Kendall's days, he would have hailed this as an "omen." In modern times, it is simply an evidence of the enlightenment of the age!

COTTON.—It will be cheering to our planters, who have cotton on hand, to see that the article bears a better price and is firmer. Within a day or two, good cotton has been sold here at 12½ cts. nett. We hope to see it go still higher. But we do not regard the tendency upward at this time as permanent.

ANOTHER CLUB.—An esteemed friend in Rutherford sends us a fine club of subscribers to the Semi-Weekly and Weekly *Sentinel*, for which he will please accept our grateful acknowledgments. In transmitting the names, with the money, he says:

"These, with the others previously sent, will afford you gratifying assurance that the management of the *Sentinel* is approved and sustained by many of our most worthy and intelligent citizens. Indeed, I believe its circulation in this county is equal to, if not much greater than, that of any other newspaper; although Rutherford has acquired the unenviable reputation of being the stronghold of Radical Red-Stringism in North Carolina. The success of the *Sentinel*, and all Conservative newspapers, as well, is pleasing to me personally: for I deem a more general dissemination of sound political opinion essential to the preservation of Constitutional liberty; and it seems as it amid the wreck and ruin of our public institutions the Press alone remains to remind us that formerly we were possessed of rights, privileges and independence; but it will also afford satisfaction as a significant indication of the revulsion in political sentiment which has been manifesting itself of late in all this section."

THE CONSERVATIVES of Franklin will hold a meeting at Louisburg, on Friday, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Conservative State Convention, to be held in this City, on Wednesday of next week.

GOOD ILLUSTRATION.

All who doubt that dividends of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company have averaged over fifty per cent., or who doubt that the Company offers as good inducements for investment as any monied institution can offer, will please read the following certificate of Mr. J. Pushee, of Nashua, the oldest member of the Connecticut Mutual, in the State of New Hampshire:

"This may certify that I was insured at the age of 27, for $2,500, by Policy, No. 144, in the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company; that I made my twenty-second annual payment this month; and also certify that my dividends have averaged over fifty per cent.; that the payments have averaged about $31 annually, and the total cost to me for twenty-two years, only $684.92. I have always been highly pleased with my insurance, and believe I obtained it at less cost than I could in any other Company.

JESSE PUSHEE."

January 1st, 1868.

Every Agent claims "to have the best Company," but "figures wont lie," and "facts are stubborn things." We challenge any Company to show a policy as favorable as this.

The cost of insurance in the different Companies can be easily determined by investigation, and we will ask any agent of any Company to point to an instance where insurance has been obtained at so little cost. We know that it cannot be done. Other Companies may succeed in making a more extensive display of inducements to the assured—a higher commission may be paid to the agents, and their officers may live more extravagantly—yet, we must say that the quiet progress of the Connecticut Mutual is commendable, and is the proper way to impress the public with the idea that Life Insurance is not a speculation on the part of the managers of the Companies, but a mutual contract, whereby the assured, or his heirs, are to receive a portion of the good vouchsafed to the many.

This Company was organized in 1846, and commenced business without a vestige of capital, and its accumulated assets now amount to over $17,000,000 00. The plan of the Company is purely mutual, based upon the broad democratic principles of equal rights and privileges—the insured in it receiving all the profits: the number of its contributing members exceeding 55,000. This at once gives it the pre-eminence of being the largest Life Insurance Company in the country. This position has been obtained, too, without the loss of a single dollar by investments.

[See advertisement in another column.]

CONSERVATIVE MEETING IN GUILFORD.

According to previous notice, a large and respectable meeting of the citizens of Guilford County assembled in the Court House, on the 25th. of January, 1868.

On motion, Col. H. K. Witherspoon was called to the chair and W. E. Edwards was appointed Secretary.

The Chairman explained the object of the meeting to be the appointment of delegates to attend the State Convention of the Constitutional Union party of the State of North Carolina, called to meet in Raleigh, on the 5th. of February.

On motion and suggestion of various persons present, the following gentlemen were appointed to represent the County of Guilford in said Convention, viz:

Jed H. Lindsay, James W. Albright, J. T. Morehead, jr., W. R. Smith, John T. Dodson, Jonathan Harris, Dr. N. Mendenhall, C. J. Wheeler, A. L. Gilmer, Wm. Iseley, J. H. Johnston, W. L. Kirkman, W. L. Kirkman, Joseph A. Weatherly, A. V. Sullivan, E. P. Jones, D. F. Caldwell, Isaac Hooker, Dr. S. A. Powell, Jonathan Cox, Thos. E. Cook, James Sloan, Lee F. Smith, W. P. Heath, Wm. Barbee, J. W. Freeman, and W. A. Caldwell.

On motion, the name of the Chairman was added to the nomination.

H. K. WITHERSPOON, *Chm'n.*
W. E. EDWARDS, *Sec'y.*

THE SUPREME COURT BILL.—The New York *World* has a masterly dissection of the iniquitous bill, destroying the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court. It says, in conclusion:

"This scandalous bill, if passed, will throw the McCardle case out of Court, and bar the door against the entrance of all similar cases. It is the final step in the establishment of absolute tyranny. The last hope of redress from any sort of governmental agency is about to vanish. But as hope sinks in one direction it rises like an effulgent dawn in another, and sets the whole heavens in a blaze. In this bill Congress furnishes the Democratic party with a rousing electioneering document which will be borne on the wings of all the winds to every habitation between the two oceans. It will be scattered broadcast over all the prairies; it will ascend all the valleys whose winding streams the workman's axe has opened to the sun. Wherever in all this broad land there are voters to be influenced, this dying speech and confession of the Republican party will be read and execrated. The party confesses that it is a fugitive from justice. It confesses that its neck is not safe within the precincts of a court.—It shuns the face of a judge like a thief. It admits that it has murdered the Constitution. It is in a fair way to commit suicide to save itself from the sentence of the law. Its guilty conscience has saved the Supreme Court the trouble of pronouncing its condemnation, by anticipating the duty of the Court and passing sentence on itself."

"HELP ME, CASSIUS, OR I SINK."—The Washington correspondent of the New York *Tribune* says: the Republicans of New Hampshire are in Washington, and are "collecting funds from members of Congress individually."—*Nat. Intel.*

The Question of Per Diem.

THE COMMUNICATION OF THE PUBLIC TREASURER.

Hon. C. J. Cowles, President of the Constitutional Convention of N. C.:

SIR—I have the honor to acknowledge that I have received and carefully considered the ordinance passed by your honorable body, viz:

"That the Treasurer of the State of North Carolina, upon the warrant of the President of this Convention, is hereby authorized and directed to pay the *per diem* and mileage of members and officers of this Convention."

With the greatest deference for the opinion of the Convention, I much regret that my views of the law render it impossible for me to obey the mandate of this ordinance.

On the 1st. day of January, 1867, I took an oath of office, not directly or indirectly to apply the public money to any other use than by law directed.

I, also, entered into bond in the penal sum of $250,000, conditioned that I would "faithfully account for all moneys and other things, which shall come into my hands by virtue of my office."

If a call is made on the Treasury, not authorized by law, it is my duty to decline compliance, as well on account of the obligations of my oath, as the pecuniary responsibilities of my bond. Under ordinary circumstances it might be incumbent on me to waive my individual opinion in deference to the superior wisdom of the Convention. But in this case the consequences of unauthorized action are of such moment to myself and others, it would be madness for me to disregard my clear conviction, not withstanding the dignity and weight of the body whose judgment is variant from my own.

In 1865, a civil government was inaugurated in this State, with power to raise funds, by taxation, for carrying on its operations. For this purpose funds have been actually realized, and I am, at present, the agent charged with their custody and disbursement. It is true, Congress has declared this government illegal and void, but, in the first place, as long as I consent to be its servant, I cannot but acknowledge its binding effect, subject to the Constitution and laws of the United States. And secondly, Congress has expressly allowed it to continue, subordinated to its own authority and that of the military officers appointed for the purpose. So that even under these laws this government is complete in all its parts—with its own officers, Executive, Legislative and Judicial—supported out of its own Treasury.

The Convention, now in session, does not derive its existence in any manner from the present State government or under its Constitution. It has assembled under other authority and neither claims nor desires to claim any connection with it. On the contrary, the necessary effect of the inauguration of the government, contemplated by the Convention, is to supersede and destroy the present. If there is any obligation on the existing government to supply funds for the maintenance of that proposed, this obligation must arise from some enactment of the former or else of some authority superior to both.

It is needless to say that the Legislature of this government has not authorized such payment. The authority must come, if at all, from the acts of Congress from which this Convention derives its existence.—These acts are,

1st. "An act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2, 1867,

2nd. An act supplemental thereto, passed March 23, 1867.

3rd. An act supplemental to the aforesaid acts, passed July, 1867.

Is there authority in these acts to justify the Convention in demanding funds of the Public Treasury to pay its officers and members? It seems to me the contrary is perfectly plain under the terms of the acts themselves.

Congress has, notwithstanding the declaration that the existing State governments are illegal and void, allowed their continuance under certain conditions. By section 6, of the Act of March 2, 1867, it is enacted that "until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in Congress, any civil governments which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States, at any time to abolish, modify, control, or supersede the same."

It thus appears that Congress reserves to the United States, the power over the civil government in North Carolina, until the people shall be by law admitted to representation in Congress. In other words, no power but the United States can abolish, modify, control or supersede this government until a Constitution shall be formed, submitted to the people, adopted, and then approved by Congress; until a General Assembly shall be elected under that Constitution; until that Assembly shall adopt the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States, known as Article 14, and, in addition, said article shall be adopted by three-fourths of the States. Your honorable body has just entered on the course of duty prescribed. It has not yet accomplished the first step, to wit: the formation of a Constitution. It cannot, at this time, abolish, modify, control, or supersede the present State government, because that would be interfering with the prerogative of the United States.

Now, Chief Justice Marshall lays it down in McCulloch *vs.* the State of Maryland, that the power to tax any subject, involves the power to destroy such subject by excessive taxation; and so the power to appropriate a portion of the funds of the State, includes the power to appropriate all, and hence to destroy or control the State government by depriving it of the means of continued existence. It thus appears that the ordinance of the Convention, directing me to disburse money from the Treasury, infringes on a power reserved exclusively to the United States.

Again, by the 1st. section of the Act of July, 1867, the continuance of the present State government is allowed and the same is declared to be subject in all respects to the Military Commander and the authority of Congress. How is this consistent with the claim by the Convention of power over the same government?—The Treasury, of which I am the guardian, is necessary to the life of the very organization, without which it cannot be continued in the manner allowed by the Act.

It may be said that the funds in the Treasury are sufficient for the needs of the Convention and of the State government also. As a matter of fact this is altogether uncertain, but, even if true, the principle is not at all affected. The accidental circumstance of one State not having at this time an empty Treasury, can have no bearing on the construction of acts of Congress passed long before and applying to nine other States as well.

If the power to direct State officers be conceded, it seems to follow that power to enforce these directions, by punishment for disobedience, is likewise possessed by this Convention. The most obvious punishment of refractory officers is removal or suspension from office. Now Congress has steadily refused to confer on the Convention this right of removal. It is vested in the District Commander, who may substitute officers of the Army, or others, in the place of those removed or suspended. Suppose the Commanding General should exercise this power by substituting an officer of the army. Would the Convention claim authority to direct such officer? It seems to me this claim is inconsistent with the power of the Commanding General.

The foregoing considerations would satisfy me that I am not justified by the acts of Congress, known as the Reconstruction Acts, in making payments under the ordinance of the Convention, even if the questions had not been definitely settled by express enactment. Section 8, of the Act of March 23rd., 1867, shows plainly the intendment of the law-makers in this regard. That section is as follows:

"The Convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary and compensation to be paid all delegates and other officers and agents herein authorized, or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same."

By a previous section, provision was made for payment of the expenses incurred by the Commanding General, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by him, under or by virtue of this act, out of the Treasury of the United States. The section quoted declares that the Convention must prescribe the pay of its delegates, and of all other officers appointed under its authority, and then directs in what manner these expenses must be met. The Convention must levy and collect taxes for the purpose. And the particular kind of revenue act is indicated. The taxes must be levied on *property* alone, not on persons or other subjects; whereas the money in the Treasury of the existing State government was collected from persons, callings, privileges, licenses, &c., as well as from property.

Is it conceivable that this section would have been passed, if the Convention already had power to avail itself of the funds of a government then in operation, collected under its laws? When Congress has enjoined on the Convention, for the purpose of paying its members and officers, the duty of taxation, expressly declaring on what subjects such levies shall be made, I am unable to find a plausible reason for the claim that other funds, collected by a different mode of taxation, for other purposes, by a different government, which, although pronounced illegal, is allowed on certain terms to continue until superseded or controlled by the United States, should be diverted to other objects for which provision is otherwise expressly made.

The Ordinance under discussion calls directly on the Public Treasurer. This is according to analogies heretofore prevailing in North Carolina. To authorize payments from the Treasury, the warrant of the Governor, on the certificate of the Comptroller, is generally necessary. But Legislatures, whether General Assemblies or Conventions, are usually paid on the certificate of the presiding officers. The warrant of the Governor is no protection to the Treasurer, unless authorized by law. Hence, I have felt it my duty in the present case not to ask for such warrant, but to act according to my clear convictions of duty under the law. For the views expressed in the foregoing communication, I am therefore solely responsible.

In respectfully declining to obey the order of this Convention, I beg leave to assure them that nothing but a strong sense of duty could induce me to take an antagonistic position towards them. In all cases practicable, it will give me great pleasure to co-operate with them, and to give all the aid in my power, towards furthering the best interests of the State.

I have the honor to be,
Very respectfully, Yours,
KEMP P. BATTLE,
Public Treasurer.

THE SUPREME COURT BILL.—The bill which the Radicals propose to pass in order to prevent the Supreme Court from declaring the reconstruction acts unconstitutional may operate in a manner directly the reverse of that in which it is designed to operate. If a Circuit Court of the United States pronounce these acts unconstitutional, and the case be taken up to the Supreme Court, the decision of the Circuit Court will be affirmed, unless two-thirds of the justices of the Supreme Court concur in reversing it. We have not the bill before us, but such will be its operation, unless we are mistaken as to its language.—*Rich. Dispatch.*

HO! FOR KANSAS!—We are informed that some half dozen families have lately removed from Rockingham, N. C., to Kansas, and as many more expect to leave soon. Their objects being, to get out the way of the negroes, and to have their children grow up with the country. One gentleman, we are told, made up his mind to start one morning and before night had sold all his goods and chattles, and the next morning was aboard the train, Kansas bound.—*Danville [Va.] Times.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

TURNER'S TIC DOULOUREUX OR Universal Neuralgia PILL.

A SAFE, CERTAIN, AND Speedy Cure FOR NEURALGIA, AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES.

Its Effects are Magical.

It is the UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than TWO OR THREE PILLS.

No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this

WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements, of many years standing,—affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always affords the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and CAN ALWAYS be used with

PERFECT SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many of

MOST DISTINGUISHED PHYSICIANS,

who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval.

Sent by mail on receipt of price and postage.

One package,	$1.00	Postage 6 cents.
Six packages	5.00	" 27 "
Twelve packages,	9.00	" 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,
120 TREMONT St., BOSTON, MASS.
Jan. 10—130-law6wsm

Henry T. Jordan,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
ROXBORO' N. C.

WILL ATTEND THE COURTS OF PERSON, Caswell and Granville. Special attention given to collecting claims, to cases in BANKRUPTCY and to all matters in U. S. Circuit Court.
Dec. 27-swlm.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Wednesday Morning Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28, P. M.

House.—A bill authorizing taxation of shares of National Banks, passed.

A bill regulating deposits of public money, passed. (It provides that National Banks shall not be selected in places where there is a Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer, and requires public monies to be deposited in sub-Treasuries, if there be one within fifty miles.)

Several Executive communications were presented.

The bill forfeiting lands granted to the Southern States, for railroad purposes, was resumed.

Mr. Blaine opposed the bill, as a snap judgment, which ought not to be taken, when those States are unrepresented in Congress.

Julian explained that the forfeiture did not apply to completed roads. He added: "When the States came back, he would favor a renewal of the grants."

Several amendments were proposed, excepting, from the operations of the bill, the Nashville and Decatur company, the Alabama and Tennessee company, &c. Without coming to a vote, the House adjourned.

Senate.—Several memorials from the Reconstruction Conventions were presented.

A bill was introduced, granting lands to the Port Royal Railroad in Alabama and Georgia.

Reconstruction was renewed and discussed.

The Whiskey Meter bill passed.

After an Executive session, the Senate adjourned.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28, P. M.

The President has nominated J. Ross Browne, Minister to China; Wm. D. Bishop, of Connecticut, Commissioner of Patents; Thomas Price, of New Jersey, Consul General at Havana.

The bill regulating impeachment provides that two-thirds of the Senate may suspend the accused, during the trial.

Cabinet full to-day, except Stanton.

Revenue to-day $256,000.

A Cincinnatti steamer, the *Emerald*, sunk fifteen miles below the mouth of Red River, on Saturday. Dr. Richardson and daughter, a chambermaid and an unknown lady were lost. The boat and cargo were valued at $235,000.

FROM GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, Jan. 28, P. M.

The Convention debated relief all day, and finally recommitted the ordinance on the subject.

A general order was issued, to-day, removing N. C. Barnett, Secretary of State of Georgia, for refusing to acknowledge the authority of Gen. Meade.

The army officer detailed as State Comptroller is to act also as Secretary of State.

DEMOCRATIC TRIUMPH.

WHEELING, Va., Jan. 28th. P. M.

The municipal election here has resulted in favor of the Democrats,—by an average majority of five hundred gain over the year previous.

THE "STARS AND STRIPES."

VICKSBURG, Miss., Jan. 28, P. M.

Sergeant Bates, of Wisconsin, who made a bet that he could carry the Stars and Stripes from Vicksburg to Washington, unarmed and without money, started hence, at 11 o'clock, to-day.

An immense crowd, headed by the Mayor and Council, with a brass band, accompanied him a short distance, and bade him adieu with good wishes.

DECISION OF SUPREME COURT.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28, P. M.

The Supreme Court was equally divided in the case of Jno. K. Elgee's administrator, plaintiff in error, and affirmed thereby the judgment of the lower Court, with costs. This case involved the virtue of pardon in restoring property, and came from the District Court of Missouri, where Elgee's administrator sued the Treasury Agent for cotton seized in Louisiana.

SOUTH CAROLINA CONVENTION.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 28, P. M.

The Convention, to-day, was chiefly occupied in discussing tax bill to supply funds for the Convention. The bill was finally recommitted, and an ordinance adopted, paying eleven dollars per day and twenty cents mileage to the members of the Convention.

This payment is to be made in State currency, known as bills receivable, on which there is a discount of twenty per cent.

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 28, P. M.

John Beatty, republican, is elected to Congress to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hamilton, republican.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28, P. M.

Cotton firm; Sales of 3,600 bales at 19¼@19½.

Flour 5@10 better. State 8,60@10,80; Southern 10@15,10.

Wheat very firm; Michigan white 3,25.

Corn dull; Western mixed 1,26@1,28; white Southern 1,24@1,28.

New mess pork 21,30.

Turpentine 57@58. Rosin 2@7.

Gold weaker, 1,40.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 28, P. M.

Cotton buoyant, 18@19.

Corn steady; white 1,16; yellow 1 18.

Oats 85@88.

WILMINGTON, Jan 28, P. M.

Spirits of Turpentine advanced; firm at 52.—Rosin steady; strained 2. Tar in good demand at 2,00.

Cotton active, advanced ¼; sales at 16¼ for middling.

SPECIAL NOTICES

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore Throat.

Requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases, Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Oct. 28—69-eodim

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

1,000 LBS. No. 1, N. C. BUCKWHEAT Flour,
Just received.
W. H. JONES & CO.
Jan 25-142-tf

SOAP! SOAP!!

50 BOXES LAUNDRETH SOAPS, DIFFERent kinds.
50 Boxes Toilet and Shaving Soaps, cheap, just to hand.
Jan 28-146-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

CORN! CORN!!

500 BUS. CLEAN AND WHITE
Jan 28-146-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c. BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	62
" Cape Fear	27
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	26
" Wilmington	27
" Roxboro	55
" Lexington at Graham	24
" " Lexington	20
" Commerce	18
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	11
" Washington	10
" Yanceyville	5
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	62
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	27
Miners' and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	25
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	5
Virginia Bank Notes average about	25
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 25-256-3m

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 20) G. B.	62
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	30
" Lexington, at Graham	24
" Roxborough	55
" Wadesborough	26
" Thomasville	55
" Wilmington	28
" Commerce	14
" Washington	10
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	5
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	26
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old,)	27
" " " (new,)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.,	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern,	62
Miner's & Planter's Bank,	39
Jan 16-135-tf	

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

R. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

W. B. GULICK, Cashier.
C. J. IREDELL, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

PRICE CURRENT JAN. 15, 1868.

Bank of Cape Fear,	27
" Charlotte,	30
" Clarendon,	4
" Commerce,	18
" Fayetteville,	13
" Lexington, (old),	19
" " (new),	10
" Lexington, payable at Graham,	24
" North Carolina,	62
" Roxboro',	55
" Thomasville,	55
" Wadesboro',	26
" Washington,	10
" Yanceyville,	5
Wilmington,	27½
Commercial Bank, Wilmington,	26
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old,)	27
" " " (new,)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.,	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern,	62
Miner's & Planter's Bank,	39

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	18@22½
" BALT. & WESTERN	17@18
BEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	14@20
BUTTER	25@40
COTTON	16@17½
CHICKENS, Spring,	15@25
" Grown	20@30
CORN	1 20@1 40
COFFEE	20@40
EGGS	20@25
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 25@1 50
HERRINGS	6 00@8 00
HIDES—Green	8c pr. lb.
" Dry	13@15
HAY	75@1 pr. cwt.
LARD	16@20
MEAL	1 35@1 50
MOLASSES	55@75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Black	1 25@1 50
" White	1 40@1 60
POTATOES—Irish	1 50@2 00
" Sweet	60@70 75
RAGS	4@5
SALT—Fine	1 00@1 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13½@17
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	35@75

REMARKS.

Cotton active, sold to-day at 13½.
Pork scarce; sold at 17 cents.

NEWSPAPER AND MAGAZINE DEPOT.

AT

JAS. H. ENNISS' BOOK STORE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS WITH the Publishers and News Agencies of the Leading Newspapers and Magazines published in the country, special attention will be given to keeping a full supply on hand, and the selling of the same at the lowest rates.

The following Popular Magazines received each Month,

And will be sold in Store, per single copy, as follows:

Frank Leslie's Lady's Magazine,	25 Cts.
Mme Demorest's Mirror of Fashions,	30
Godey's Ladies' Book,	30
Peterson's Ladies' Magazine,	25
Harper's Monthly Magazine,	25
Atlantic Monthly Magazine,	25
Riverside Magazine for Young People,	50
Sack Nax (Comic,) Monthly,	15

The following Papers received each Week:

Frank Leslie's Illustrated Weekly,	10
Harper's Illustrated Weekly,	10
Harper's Bazaar, Weekly,	10
Frank Leslie's Chimney Corner,	10
New York Ledger,	10
Saturday Night, Illustrated,	10
New York Weekly,	10
New York Police Gazette,	10
Illustrated Dime Newspaper,	10
Boys' and Girls' Illustrated Weekly,	5

Dime Novels received as they are issued. Price 10 cents.

Special attention will be given to the ordering of any Magazine or Newspaper.

Any paper or Magazine can be subscribed for and stopped by giving notice.

JAS. H. ENNISS, Bookseller,
Jan 25-140-tf Raleigh, N. C.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK.

ASSETS OVER

$4,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME

$2,500,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS, (NOT STOCKHOLDERS,) THIS YEAR OVER $800,000.

PURELY MUTUAL.

PROFITS DIVIDED ANNUALLY AMONG

POLICY HOLDERS.

THE EQUITABLE has grown more rapidly, since its organization, than any Life Insurance Company ever organized in America.

Its policies average larger in amount, than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the General Agents,

MAJ. M. P. TAYLOR, Ag't, Wilmington.
DUDGWAY & GUION, " Newbern.
OBREN WILLIAMS, " Tarboro'.
BERRIAN & GALLAGHER, Agents, Washington.
BRENIZER, KELLOGG & Co. " Greensboro'.
E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co. " Salisbury.

HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.,
Charlotte, N. C.,
Jan. 11—131-tf General Agents for N. C.

RAILROADS.

Notice to Shippers of Spirits Turpentine!

THE SEABOARD

INLAND AIR LINE,

VIA PORTSMOUTH, VA.

IS NOW PREPARED TO SHIP

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

To Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, its Steamers having been arranged for that purpose.

THIS AIR LINE ROUTE, FROM THE FACT of its avoiding trans-shipment from one Steamer to another, to which other lines are subject, and being the direct line between the Carolinas and the Northern Cities, with daily communication to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, and to Boston a Steamer every five days, offers great facilities for shipping, and is in advance of all other routes from three to five days and at as low rates.

In shipping from the Northern cities, or from Carolina, be careful to ship via Portsmouth, and by the Steamship lines connecting with and forming part of this Route.

From Boston, Merchants and Miners' Line, E. Sampson, Agent, end Central Wharf.

From New York, Old Dominion Steamship Co., Pier 37, North river, M. L. McCready, President, Office 197 Greenwich Street.

From Philadelphia, Clyde Steamers, 14 South Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

Annamessic Line, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, J. L. Wilson, Agent.

From Baltimore, Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock, R. L. Poor, Agent.

All claims for loss, damage, or overcharges promptly settled by applying to

JAS. McCAGRICE, Trace Ag't.
Seaboard Inland Air Line, Portsmouth, Va.

THE SEABOARD AND ROANOKE RAILROAD AND BAY LINE, having been consolidated under one Management from Weldon to Baltimore, offer greater facilities to shippers of freight to and from Baltimore than any other line, and guarantee safety of freight and prompt settlement of all claims.

E. G. GHIO,
Sup't Transportation, S. & R. R.
W. C. SMITH,
Jan. 6—126-2m Sup't Bay Line Steamers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROCK HILL COLLEGE,

ELLICOTT CITY, Md.

THIS INSTITUTION, CONDUCTED BY THE Brothers of the Christian Schools, was established in 1857; and incorporated, and empowered to confer degrees by the General Assembly of Maryland, during its session of 1865.

It is situated on a rising ground in one of the healthiest and most picturesque portions of the State, and within a few minutes' walk of the Ellicott City Railroad Station.

FACULTY.

BROTHER BRITELIN, President.
BROTHER CIANAN, Vice President—Professor of Mathematics.
WM. E. A. AIKIN, M. D., LL. D., Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy.
ALBERT TAYLOR BLEDSOE, A. M., LL. D., Professor of History, Rhetoric and English Literature.
BROTHER AZARIAS, Professor of Mathematics and English Composition.
BROTHER BENEDICT, Adjunct Professor of Mathematics and History.
SAMU

DAILY SENTINEL.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1868.

MEMBERS OF THE CONVENTION
ORDERED BY CONGRESS,
To make a Constitution for North Carolina.

Counties of Burke and McDowell—John S. Parks, W A B Murphy.
Counties of Rutherford and Polk—W H Logan, Jesse Rhodes.
Counties of Yancey and Mitchell—Julius S Garland.
Counties of Madison, Buncombe, Henderson, and Transylvania—Geo W Gahagan, J H Duckworth, Thos J Candler
Counties of Haywood and Jackson—W B G Garrett.
Counties of Macon, Clay and Cherokee—Mark May, Geo W Dickey.
Counties of Alleghany, Ashe, Surry, Watauga and Yadkin—Saml Forkner, Evan Benbow, Geo W Bradley, J. G. Marler.
Counties of Caldwell, Wilkes, Iredell and Alexander—Calvin J Cowles, Calvin C Jones, Wesley H George, John Q A Bryan, Jerry Smith.
Counties of Davie and Rowan—Allen Rose, Dr Milton Hobbs, J. S. McCubbins.
County of Cleaveland—Pleas Durham.
County of Catawba—James R Ellis.
County of Lincoln—Joseph H King.
County of Gaston—Miles J Ardrick.
County of Mecklenburg—Edward Fullings, Silas W Stillwell.
County of Union—Wm Newsom.
County of Cabarrus—W T Bissie.
County of Stanly—Levi C Morton.
County of Anson—George Tucker, Henry Chilleen.
County of Stokes—R F Fetrer.
County of Forsythe—E B Teague.
County of Davidson—Isaac Kinney, S. Mullican.
County of Randolph—T. L. L. Cox, R. F. Troxler.
County of Guilford—G. W. Welker, A. W. Tourgee.
County of Rockingham—H. Barnes, John French.
County of Caswell—Wilson Carey, P. Hodnett.
County of Alamance—Henry M. Ray.
County of Person—William Merritt.
County of Orange—E. M. Holt, J. W. Graham.
County of Chatham—J. A. McDonald, W. T. Goster.
County of Wake—S D Franklin, J P Andrews, B S D Williams, *Jas H Harris.*
County of Granville—J W Ragland, J J Moore, *C Mayo.*
County of Warren—*John Hyman*, John Read
County of Franklin—*John H Williamson*, Jas T. Harris.
County of Cumberland—W A Mann, *J W Hood.*
County of Harnett—J M Turner.
County of Moore—S S McDonald.
County of Montgomery—Geo A Graham.
County of Richmond—R T Long, Sr.
County of Wayne—H L Grant, J. Hollowell.
County of Johnston—Dr James Hay, Nathan Gulley.
County of Greene—J M. Patrick.
County of Wilson—W Daniel.
County of Nash—Jacob Ing.
County of Halifax—*Henry Figgs*, J H Rootrow, *J J Hays.*
County of Northampton—R C Parker, H T Grant.
County of Edgecombe—J. H. Baker, Henry A Dowd, *Henry C* Cherry.
County of Lenoir—R W King.
County of Brunswick—Edwin Legg.
County of Columbus—Haynes Lennon.
County of Robeson—Joshua L. Sance, G B Hayes.
County of Bladen—A W Fisher, E F French.
County of New Hanover—Gen J C Abbott, S S Ashley, *A H Galloway.*
County of Duplin—J W Peterson, Samuel Highsmith.
County of Sampson—Sylvester Carter, Alexander Williams.
Counties of Tyrrell and Washington—E Stone.
County of Martin—Samuel W Watts.
County of Bertie—*P D Robbins, Bryant Lee.*
County of Hertford—J B Hare.
County of Gates—Thomas J Moffler.
County of Chowan—John B French.
County of Perquimans—Dr Wm Nicholson.
Counties of Pasquotank and Camden—C C Pool, M Taylor.
County of Currituck—Thomas Sanderlin.
County of Craven—David Heaton, W. H. Sweet, *C. D. Pierson.*
County of Onslow—Jasper Etheridge.
County of Carteret—Abraham Congleton.
County of Jones—David D. Colgrove.
County of Beaufort—W. B. Rodman, William Shirley.
County of Pitt—Byron Ladin, D. J. Rich.
County of Hyde—Andrew J. Glover.

Those designated by *italics* are negroes.

HARDWARE &C.

BRIGGS & DODD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS.

ALSO

Agents for the sale of
Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,
Bolting Cloth,
India Rubber and Leather Belting,
Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs,
Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*
Nov. 7—79-tf

OILS, LEAD, &c., &c.

NOW IN STORE A FINE STOCK OF LINseed, Cotton-Seed, Kerosene, Lubricating and Train Oils, of the best quality.

ALSO WHITE LEAD,
Colors of all kinds and Varnishes.

A general assortment of HARDWARE.
BRIGGS & DODD.
Jan 22-139-tf

TRADE FOR 1868.
No. 44 Fayetteville Street.

WE HAVE, ON HAND, A COMMANDING stock of
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,
TIN WARE, LAMPS,
CHIMNEYS AND WICKS,
BEST KEROSENE OIL,
SPIRITS TURPENTINE,
Which will be sold low for cash.
Just to hand,—Iron and Comet Burners and Chimneys.
J. BROWN
Raleigh, Jan. 4—tf With Hart & Lewis.

COFFEE! COFFEE!!

RIO, LAGUYRA AND JAVA, JUST RECEIVED and for sale, very cheap, by the sack.
DOUGLAS BELL,
Jan. 23—139-tf Fayetteville Street.

THOMAS' SCHOOL,
RALEIGH, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION WILL OPEN ON MONday, 27th. of Jan. 1868, in the Western Ward of the City, in the School-house on "Nash Square."

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION:
PRIMARY, MATHEMATICAL AND CLASSICAL.

Address,
Jan 23-139-1w R. B. THOMAS.

WOOD AND LUMBER.

THE UNDERSIGNED KEEPS CONSTANTLY on hand a large supply of excellent WOOD FOR FUEL, which he will deliver at any place in the city on short notice, in quantities to suit purchasers.

All orders must be accompanied with the cash. Those desiring a regular supply can obtain tickets by application to me.

Green and seasoned pine lumber constantly on hand. Terms as above.
RUFUS H. PAGE.
Jan 16-135-3w
Standard copy.

RYE! RYE!!

A LIMITED QUANTITY MAY BE HAD BY applying early.
W. H. JONES & CO.
Jan 23-139-tf

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
ALL COME TO

CREECH'S!!!

SECOND GRAND OPENING OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

I AM NOW RECEIVING MY SECOND STOCK of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS.

My stock is **LARGE and COMPLETE,** and bought since the decline, and I am happy to say to my friends and customers that I can, and will, sell them Goods CHEAPER than they have bought them since the war.

Keep it Before the People,

That no House in the City can or will sell Goods cheaper than I will.
My House is a live House, and I do a **LIVE BUSINESS.**

COME TO CREECH'S

To buy your Goods.
I buy NEW Goods and GOOD STYLES, and will sell them at PRICES to meet the hard times. Just received,

30 Cases Boots and Shoes,

And will be sold at prices to suit you.

Don't Forget to Come to Creech's

Before you buy your Goods. I will treat you right.

A. CREECH.
R. SMITH'S corner, Fayetteville St.
Nov. 28—97-tf

CLEAN SWEEP!
SELLING ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING

AT COST,

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!

From this time forth I will sell my entire Stock of Goods at Cost to make room for my Winter Stock, consisting in part of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS, WHITE GOODS,
IRISH LINEN, TOWELING,
LINEN CAMBRIC HDK'F'S,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
BLEACHED SHIRTING,
UNBLEACHED SHIRTING
BED TICKING,
10-4 SHEETING,
STRIPED DOMESTIC,
LINEN DUCK,
COTTONADES,
HATS, &c., &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A large Stock of the most celebrated manufacture of Gent's and Ladies' Boots and Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

Now is the time for you to lay in your supply of Goods, for they are advancing North. I am selling at cost. Come one and all and examine my stock and prices. Do not be induced to buy goods elsewhere until you give me a call. When I say I am selling at Cost I mean just what I say; it is not for the purpose of humbugging you.

Merchants in the City whose stocks need replenishing would do well to call soon and make their purchases.

GEO. T. COOKE.
Aug 8-109-tf

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.
Aug. 31—21-tf S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,
AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:
SUCH AS **PRINTS** AT 12½ TO 15;
And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.
A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,
At the old stand of
S. H. YOUNG.
Nov. 27—96-tf

Will be Sold Without Reserve!
AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

HIS ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS,

One of the finest now in the State, consisting, in part, of

FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

SHAWLS, FURS, CLOAKS, WOOLEN GOODS, LADIES', MISSES', AND CHILDREN'S *SHOES*, HOSIERY, GLOVES, ETC., ETC.

ALSO,

200 OVERCOATS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

75 FINE BLACK DRESS COATS.

150 ASSORTED BEAVER, TRICOT, AND CASSIMERE BUSINESS SUITS.

300 PAIRS ASSORTED PANTS.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
GENT'S AND BOYS HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES
of every description.

Traveling Bags, Valises and Trunks.

All of the above to be sold regardless of cost at
M. ROSENBAUM'S,
No. 16 Fayetteville St.
Jan 14-133-tf

GEO. SLOMAN, WITH M. ROSENBAUM, pays the highest price for FURS OF ALL KINDS.
Jan 14-133-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANOTHER

LOT OF FLOUR IN SACKS AND BBLS. Just arrived.
W. H. JONES & CO.
Jan 23-139-tf

THE DIXIE PUMP.—HAVING BEEN appointed agents for the State of North Carolina, for the celebrated DIXIE PUMP, we offer to sell County rights in all the Counties unsold. For Sale by Circular.
MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.
Dec. 27-1m Newbern, N. C.

THE
ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF HARTFORD.

ASSETS OVER $7,000,000.

PAID POLICIES BY DEATH, IN NORTH CAROLINA, $33,000.

Judge E. A. BULKELEY, President. | T. O. ENDERS, Secretary.

W. H. CROW,
MANAGER AND GENERAL AGENT
FOR THE STATE OF
NORTH CAROLINA AND PART OF VIRGINIA.

IN COMPARING THIS COMPANY WITH FORTY-TWO COMPANIES, AND BY THE REPORT of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts, the following facts appear, under OFFICIAL ENDORSEMENT:

1st. The Ætna issued more policies than either of forty other Companies. More than four times the average, AND NEARLY ONE-TENTH OF ALL.

2nd. That excluding Capital, the Ætna's ratio of Assets to Liabilities is larger than that of twenty-nine Companies, AND MORE THAN THE AVERAGE OF ALL.

3rd. That the Ætna's receipts are larger than those of either of thirty-eight other Companies, and more than three times the average, and more than ONE-THIRTEENTH OF ALL.

4th. That the Ætna's ratio of expenses to receipts is less than that of twenty-nine other Companies, and LESS than the average of all.

5th. That the Ætna's ratio of increase in premium receipts to its cost, is greater than that of any other Company, and four times the average. [See table "G," in Insurance Report.]

6th. That the Ætna's ratio of losses is sixty-one per cent less than the average.

7th. That the Ætna's ratio per cent. of increase in Assets is greater than that of any other Company, and more than four times the average.

It will be observed from these comparisons that many Companies do not make so good a showing as the Ætna, although they are unquestionably reliable.

The **"ÆTNA"** is an old and well-tried institution, and the above extract from the highest official authority upon the subject of Life Insurance commends the Company at once to the thoughtful and serious enquirer, who wishes to make a certain provision for those depending upon him.

The Ætna loans her customers one-half the premium as long as life lasts, at six per cent., if desired, and gives no restrictions in location or travel in the United States, at any season of the year, and pays her members the

LARGEST DIVIDEND

of any Company doing business in this State, and is PERMANENTLY LOCATED HERE; has paid more Revenue into the STATE TREASURY than any other Company, and paid more money to Widows and Orphans than any other, and therefore, with all of these facts, well deserves the largest patronage, and IS RECEIVING IT.

The ÆTNA, being a **STOCK COMPANY,** gives all the benefit of dividends to her insured and none of the liabilities usual in "Mutual insurance."

Six per cent interest is allowed upon the Capital Stock of $150,000, and the balance of the profit goes to the insured, which profit or dividend is larger than any other Company doing business in the State.

The ÆTNA has over

$1,000,000

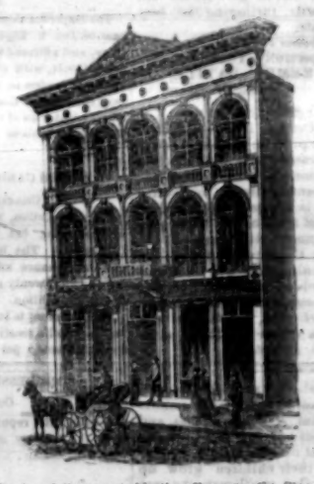
ABOVE LIABILITIES.

A VERY IMPORTANT FACT.

THE ÆTNA IS A STRANGER TO LITIGATION.

HAS 23,000 MEMBERS.

AND



HAS NEVER REFUSED TO RENEW A POLICY LAPSED DURING THE WAR.

Any other facts will be cheerfully imparted in the office, over the Store of Messrs. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & Co.
Jan. 4—133-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

LISTER BROTHERS'
SUPER-PHOSPHATE
OF
L I M E.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A SUPPLY of this celebrated FRESH BONE SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME, which we will sell on such terms as must give satisfaction to all.

This SUPER-PHOSPHATE is SUPERIOR to any other FERTILIZER, as it contains all the Chemical Elements necessary to promote the growth of all ROOT CROPS and all CEREALS, and is suitable for any soil. As compared with Stable Manure, by a trial, side by side, of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS of this Fresh Bone Super-Phosphate of Lime, with TWO THOUSAND POUNDS of the very best Stable Manure, it will be found that the effects on the soil will be equal the first Crop, and

Three Times as Lasting.

A verification of the analysis of this Fertiliser has been made by an eminent Chemist of this city, and found to be as represented.

R. H. COWAN & CO.,
No. 32, North Water Street.
Jan 24-141-6t Wilmington, N. C.

WESTBROOK & CO.

PROPRIETORS OF THE
WESTBROOK NURSERIES,
GREENSBORO,' N. C.

KEEP constantly on hand, during the planting season, a splendid lot of

CHOICE FRIUT TREES AND GRAPE VINES

which they offer very low, for cash, or good produce.

NURSERY STORE, on Washington Street, where patrons will receive prompt attention, until the 1st. of April.

Send stamp for Catalogue, and Wholesale Price List of Grape Vines.
Address,
WESTBROOK & CO.
Box 66, Greensboro, N. C.
Jan 27-142-3m

APPLE BUTTER!

500 LBS. CHOICE N. C. *APPLE BUTTER*, in Kits, received this day.
Jan 24-134-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

CLOTHING HOUSE.

R. H. ANDREWS & CO.
Invite attention to their
FALL AND WINTER STOCK
OF
Gentlemen's, Youth's and Boys'

CLOTHING

AND
FURNISHING GOODS
20 Fayetteville St., opposite Tucker Hall,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Nov. 13—84-tf

JUST RECEIVED.
FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS.

MADE FROM SUPERIOR FRENCH CLOTHS, Cut, Trimmed and made as well as the best Merchant Tailor's ordered work, at a saving of from FIFTEEN to TWENTY DOLLARS a suit.

FINE CLOTH SACKS,
FINE BEAVER SACKS,
Silk-Mixed Business Suits,

gotten up in our best style, at prices to suit the times.

A fine variety of FINE DRESS SHIRTS always on hand, at
R. H. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
Gents' Furnishing Store,
Oct. 16—60-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

HATS! HATS! HATS!

All the latest styles can be found at
R. H. ANDREWS & CO'S
Gent's Outfitting Rooms,
Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

JUST RECEIVED,
SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS,
SOLE LEATHER VALISES,
MOROCCO AND LEATHER TRAVELING BAGS, in great variety,
At
R. H. ANDREWS & Co's
Gent's Furnishing Rooms,
Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

SUGARS!!!

A FULL LINE IN STORE AND FOR SALE by
Jan 23—138-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;
Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;
The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;
The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;
The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;
The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;
Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—
The principal markets will be regularly published.
Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.
Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year,	$8 00
" " six months,	4 00
" " three months	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year,	4 00
" " six months,	2 00
" " three months,	1 00
Weekly " for one year,	2 00
" " six months,	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people.—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Dec. 28th., 1868. Proprietor

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,
Baltimore,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
Steam Engines and Boilers,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE
TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,
ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,
Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and gers.
mar 29-198

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Rogor Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spence Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stores in great variety,
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels,	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

FOR SALE.

A GOOD TWO-HORSE WAGON.
Jan. 1—135-tf BRIGGS & DODD.

Important Order from Gen. Canby.

HEADQ'RS 2D MILITARY DISTRICT,
CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 21, 1867.

General Orders No. 104.

I. Paragraph II of General Orders No. 10, from the Headquarters of the Second Military District, dated April 11, 1867, is modified as follows:

SUITS FOR DEBTS.

Judgments or decrees for the payment of money on causes of action arising in North Carolina between the 20th of May, 1861, and the 20th day of April, 1865, and in South Carolina between the 19th day of December, 1860, and the 20th day of April 1865, shall not be enforced, by execution, against the person or property of the defendant. Proceedings for such causes of action now pending, shall be stayed, and no suit or process shall be instituted or commenced on such causes of action until after the civil government of the respective States shall be established in accordance with the laws of the United States.

Paragraph III of the same order is modified as follows:

EXECUTIONS.

Sheriffs, coroners and constables are hereby directed to suspend the sale of all property upon execution, or process under any judgment or decree of a court of the so-called Confederate states, or of the State of North Carolina, rendered between the 20th. day of May, 1861, and the organization of the provisional government of said State, under the President's proclamation of the 29th. day of April, 1865, or of the State of South Carolina, rendered between the 19th. day of December, 1860, and the organization of the provisional government of the said State, under the President's proclamation of the 20th. day of June, 1865, unless the written consent of the defendant be entered of record, and except in cases where the plaintiff or his attorney, upon oath, supported by corroborative testimony, shall allege that the defendant is disposing of, removing, or about to remove, his property beyond the jurisdiction of the court, with intent to defraud his creditors; *provided*, that no such judgment, so rendered, within the periods aforesaid, shall be a bar to the commencement, in a State court, of a new suit upon the same cause of action in any case in which, by law, the defendant may remove or appeal the same to a court of the United States.

FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE.

The sale of real or personal property by foreclosure of mortgage, is likewise suspended in the cases embraced in paragraphs II and III, of said order No. 10 as above amended, except in cases where interest money accruing subsequent to the 29th. of April, 1865, shall not have been paid before the day of sale, and all previous restrictions on such sales are revoked.

Paragraph IV of the same order is modified by substituting the 29th. day of April, 1865, for the 18th. day of May, 1865.

Paragraph V of the same order is modified as follows:

SUITS ON BOND DEBTS.

All proceedings for the recovery of money on contracts, whether under seal or by parol, the consideration of which was the purchase of slaves, made subsequent to the 1st. day of January, 1863, are suspended. Judgments or decrees entered for such causes of action shall not be enforced.

Paragraph VII of the same order is modified as follows:

HOMESTEADS.

In all sales of property under execution or by order of any Court, there shall be reserved out of the property of any defendant who has a family dependent upon his or her labor, a dwelling house and appurtenances, and (if in the country) twenty acres of land, or so much thereof that the whole shall not exceed in value the sum of two thousand dollars, and in a town or city, the immediate lot upon which such dwelling house is situated; and necessary articles of furniture, apparel, subsistence and implements of husbandry, trade, or other employment, to the value of five hundred dollars. The homestead exemption shall inure only to the benefit of families. In other cases the exemption shall extend only to clothing and implements of trade or employment usually followed by the defendant, of the value of two hundred dollars. The exemptions hereby made shall not be waived or defeated by the act of any defendant who has a family dependent upon him or her for support, and the exempted property shall be ascertained and defined by the sheriff or other officer enforcing the execution, who shall call to his aid two impartial citizens to make the necessary appraisement, and shall make report thereof to the Court.

ARREST FOR FRAUDULENT DEBTS.

Paragraph X is hereby modified so as to authorize arrest in civil actions *ex contractu* only in cases where the demand is past due, and the defendant has been guilty of a fraud in contracting the debt sued for, or has removed or disposed of his property, or is about to do so, with intent to defraud his creditors, or is about to leave the State with such intent.

EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES.

Paragraph XVI, is amended by adding thereto: All proceedings in any court of North Carolina, or South Carolina, recognizing or sanctioning the investment of the funds of minor heirs, or of females, or of insane persons, in the securities of the late rebel government, or the securities of the States of North Carolina or South Carolina, created for the purpose of carrying on war against the Government of the United States, will be suspended until the question of the validity of such investments shall have been determined by the courts of the United States, or by national legislation. And nothing in the provisions of this order, or of the order No. 10 above cited, shall be held to bar or hinder the recovery, by suit, of the estate of any minor heir, female or insane person, (*cestui que trust*), whether in the hands of executors, administrators, trustees, guardians, masters or clerks of equity courts, and other fiduciary agents, or invested by them in their fiduciary character.

DISTILLERIES.

II. General Order 25, of May 30, 1867, is revoked; and on and after the first day of January, 1868, the distillation of spirituous liquors in this Military District will be subject to such restrictions only as are imposed by the laws of the United States and of the States of North and South Carolina, respectively.

BAR ROOMS.

III. Paragraphs VI and VII of General Orders No. 32, dated May 30, 1867, are revoked, and the power to grant licenses for the sale of spirituous or intoxicating liquors is remitted to the proper local authories, to take effect on and after the 1st. day of January, 1868, and to be subject to the following conditions:

1. The municipal authorities granting the license shall be answerable that the parties to whom such licenses are granted, together with their sureties, shall be responsible persons and of good moral standing in the community, and that both principal and sureties shall be able to qualify individually in double the amount of the bond required, and that the bond shall be a lien upon the personal property of both principal and sureties, and upon proof of default shall warrant the summary seizure and sale of so much of the property of either or both as may be necessary to satisfy the forfeiture or fine and costs.

2. Drunkenness or disorderly conduct on the premises shall work the forfeiture of the license and of the penalty of the bond.

3. The owner or keeper of any bar-room, saloon or other place at which intoxicating liquors are sold, and all other persons interested or connected therewith, shall be regarded as principals in any action of damages growing out of any assault, riot, affray or other disorder occurring on the premises, or directly traceable thereto.

4. All bar-rooms, saloons or other places at which intoxicating liquors are sold, shall be closed on the day or days of any general or local election, and for the twelve hours next preceding the opening and next succeeding the closing of the polls at such election; and the sheriffs of counties and districts and the chief of police of cities and towns shall have power to direct the closing of bar-rooms and other places for the sale of intoxicating liquors, whenever it may be necessary in their judgment to preserve order and quiet.

5. The proceeds of all licenses, forfeitures and fines, under the local regulations or under the provisions of military orders, will be devoted to the support of the poor, and as soon as realized will be turned over to the Commissioners or Overseers of the poor of the District, County, City or Town in which they are accrued, and the Commissioners or Overseers will at the end of each month report to the Provost Marshal-General of the District the amount received by them during the month, specifying the name of the parties from whom it was received.

6. The penalties imposed by this order or by the local police regulations, may be enforced in any civil or military Court, and upon conviction the Court may award to the informer a sum not exceeding fifty per cent. of the forfeiture or fine. And it is made the duty of all Sheriffs, Constables, and Coroners of Counties and Districts, and the police of cities and towns, to be vigilant in the enforcement of the police regulations and the provisions of this order in relation to the sale of intoxicating liquors.

The provisions of this paragraph will be held to apply to such licenses granted under General Orders No. 32, to inn-keepers, as remain unexpired after the first of January, 1868.

DISTRICT COURTS.

IV. To promote the speedy trial of prisoners confined for minor offences, and diminish the cost of their maintenance, all committing magistrates will, on the 15th. and last days of each month, report to the judge of their county or District Court all commitments made by them during the preceding half month, specifying the date of commitments, the names of the prisoners, and the offence for which they were committed, to the end that the judges may, whenever in their opinion the number of prisoners or other considerations of public interest call for it, hold special terms of their courts, for the purpose of disposing of such cases. The additional expense of holding such special terms will be a charge upon the state Treasury, and the accounts therefor will be audited and paid as accounts of a similar character are now audited and paid, and if the salaries now paid the judges should be inadequate in view of the additional labor performed by them, a reasonable addition, upon proper representations through the Governor of the State, will be allowed.

PILOTAGE.

V. The pilotage regulations now existing in the States of North and South Carolina are so far modified that, on and after the first day of March, 1868, all passenger steam vessels, regulated by the laws of the United States, and carrying a pilot commissioned by United States Commissioners, shall be exempt from the compulsory payment of pilotage.

NORTH CAROLINA POLL TAX.

VI. So much of the act of the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, entitled "An act to raise monies," ratified on the 20th. day of February, 1867, as makes it "the duty of all persons and corporations to list and pay the [poll] tax of such persons liable to the same, as are in their employment, on the 1st. day of April of each year, as laborers," is rescinded, and hereafter all individual taxes will be assessed directly upon and collected directly from the individuals from whom they are due; *provided*, that the provisions of this order shall not apply to the taxes levied for the current year except that double poll tax shall not be enforced if the original tax be paid on or before the 1st. day of March, 1868.

By command of Brevet Major General Ed. R. S. CANBY.

LOUIS V. CAZIARC,
Aid-de-Camp, Act'g Ass't Adj't Gen'l.
OFFICIAL: LOUIS V. CAZIARC, A. D. C. A. A. G.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JAMES H. ENNISS,
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